

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

MANAGEMENT REPORT

Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by Canada Life Investment Management Ltd., as Manager of Canada Life Global Growth and Income Fund (the "Fund"). The Manager is responsible for the integrity, objectivity and reliability of the data presented. This responsibility includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and making judgments and estimates consistent with IFRS Accounting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for the development of internal controls over the financial reporting process, which are designed to provide reasonable assurance that relevant and reliable financial information is produced.

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Canada Life Investment Management Ltd. is responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements and overseeing the Manager's performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Board meets regularly with senior representatives of the Manager and auditors to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting process, auditing matters and financial reporting issues.

KPMG LLP is the external auditor of the Fund. It is appointed by the Board. The external auditor has audited the financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards to enable it to express to the securityholders its opinion on the financial statements. Its report is set out below.

On behalf of Canada Life Investment Management Ltd.,
Manager of the Fund



Steve Fiorelli
Chief Executive Officer



Jeff Van Hoeve
Chief Financial Officer

June 6, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Securityholders of Canada Life Global Growth and Income Fund (the "Fund")

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Fund, which comprise:

- the statements of financial position as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023
- the statements of comprehensive income for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1
- the statements of changes in financial position for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1
- the statements of cash flows for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1 and
- notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies (Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023, and its financial performance and cash flows for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1 in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (cont'd)

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

– the information included in the Annual Management Report of Fund Performance of the Fund filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the information included in the Annual Management Report of Fund Performance of the Fund filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions as at the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditor's report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Fund.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants
Toronto, Canada
June 6, 2024

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

at March 31 (in \$ 000 except per security amounts)

	2024 \$	2023 \$
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Investments at fair value	214,127	231,577
Cash and cash equivalents	214	291
Dividends receivable	33	44
Accounts receivable for investments sold	39	–
Accounts receivable for securities issued	41	180
Total assets	214,454	232,092
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable for investments purchased	9	7
Accounts payable for securities redeemed	66	30
Due to manager	19	7
Total liabilities	94	44
Net assets attributable to securityholders	214,360	232,048

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000 except per security amounts)

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Income		
Dividends	2,127	2,619
Interest income for distribution purposes	3,173	4,559
Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets		
Net realized gain (loss)	13,754	7,905
Net unrealized gain (loss)	4,584	(19,762)
Securities lending income	1	1
Total income (loss)	23,639	(4,678)
Expenses (note 6)		
Management fees	2,138	2,420
Management fee rebates	(40)	(43)
Administration fees	231	255
Interest charges	2	2
Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs	9	5
Independent Review Committee fees	2	2
Other	1	1
Expenses before amounts absorbed by Manager	2,343	2,642
Expenses absorbed by Manager	–	–
Net expenses	2,343	2,642
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders from operations before tax	21,296	(7,320)
Foreign withholding tax expense (recovery)	33	47
Foreign income tax expense (recovery)	–	–
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders from operations	21,263	(7,367)

	Net assets attributable to securityholders (note 3)			
	per security		per series	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
A Series	11.59	10.67	36,843	43,880
F Series	11.67	10.75	15,286	12,179
F5 Series	12.44	12.05	508	471
F8 Series	10.00	9.99	369	389
N Series	11.61	10.70	71,353	81,678
N5 Series	12.56	12.17	6,672	6,970
N8 Series	10.17	10.16	17,453	17,137
QF Series	11.68	10.76	5,897	6,575
QF5 Series	12.44	12.06	298	291
QFW Series	11.28	10.39	3,888	4,023
QFW5 Series	12.67	12.28	3	2
T5 Series	12.34	11.96	1,082	1,267
T8 Series	9.93	9.93	501	541
W Series	11.71	10.78	50,200	52,349
W5 Series	12.47	12.07	2,617	2,866
W8 Series	10.06	10.05	1,390	1,430
			214,360	232,048

	Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders from operations (note 3)			
	per security		per series	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
A Series	0.90	(0.45)	3,288	(1,949)
F Series	1.20	0.48	1,408	313
F5 Series	1.26	1.05	52	22
F8 Series	0.99	0.68	36	22
FW Series	–	(0.82)	–	(355)
FW5 Series	–	(0.91)	–	(33)
FW8 Series	–	(0.84)	–	(39)
N Series	1.17	(0.25)	7,873	(2,076)
N5 Series	1.33	(0.22)	714	(161)
N8 Series	1.13	(0.16)	1,895	(248)
QF Series	1.05	(0.36)	605	(237)
QF5 Series	1.20	(0.30)	28	(5)
QFW Series	1.05	(0.24)	415	(95)
QFW5 Series	1.32	(0.27)	1	(1)
T5 Series	1.01	(0.49)	99	(52)
T8 Series	0.82	(0.52)	43	(28)
W Series	0.99	(0.44)	4,438	(2,279)
W5 Series	1.07	(0.47)	247	(109)
W8 Series	0.87	(0.39)	121	(57)
			21,263	(7,367)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000 except per security amounts)

	Total		A Series		F Series		F5 Series		F8 Series	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SECURITYHOLDERS										
Beginning of period	232,048	276,637	43,880	51,406	12,179	3,010	471	3	389	105
Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	21,263	(7,367)	3,288	(1,949)	1,408	313	52	22	36	22
Distributions paid to securityholders:										
Investment income	(1,845)	(3,351)	(100)	(436)	(128)	(155)	(5)	(7)	(3)	(9)
Capital gains	(2,171)	(7,842)	(118)	(1,021)	(150)	(363)	(5)	(16)	(4)	(20)
Return of capital	(2,069)	(2,474)	–	–	–	–	(24)	(15)	(29)	(31)
Management fee rebates	(40)	(43)	(29)	(33)	(1)	(2)	–	–	–	–
Total distributions paid to securityholders	(6,125)	(13,710)	(247)	(1,490)	(279)	(520)	(34)	(38)	(36)	(60)
Security transactions:										
Proceeds from securities issued	14,703	28,311	2,169	3,391	5,229	9,961	–	454	–	523
Reinvested distributions	5,483	12,825	247	1,488	279	520	25	32	13	37
Payments on redemption of securities	(53,012)	(64,648)	(12,494)	(8,966)	(3,530)	(1,105)	(6)	(2)	(33)	(238)
Total security transactions	(32,826)	(23,512)	(10,078)	(4,087)	1,978	9,376	19	484	(20)	322
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders	(17,688)	(44,589)	(7,037)	(7,526)	3,107	9,169	37	468	(20)	284
End of period	214,360	232,048	36,843	43,880	15,286	12,179	508	471	369	389
Increase (decrease) in fund securities (in thousands) (note 7):										
Securities outstanding – beginning of period			Securities 4,111	4,491	Securities 1,133	261	Securities 39	–	Securities 39	9
Issued			200	316	476	924	–	36	–	49
Reinvested distributions			23	142	26	50	2	3	1	4
Redeemed			(1,154)	(838)	(325)	(102)	–	–	(3)	(23)
Securities outstanding – end of period			3,180	4,111	1,310	1,133	41	39	37	39

	FW Series		FW5 Series		FW8 Series		N Series		N5 Series	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SECURITYHOLDERS										
Beginning of period	–	3,989	–	493	–	621	81,678	104,177	6,970	10,652
Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	–	(355)	–	(33)	–	(39)	7,873	(2,076)	714	(161)
Distributions paid to securityholders:										
Investment income	–	–	–	–	–	–	(970)	(1,490)	(88)	(169)
Capital gains	–	–	–	–	–	–	(1,141)	(3,491)	(104)	(395)
Return of capital	–	–	–	(11)	–	(21)	–	–	(319)	(502)
Management fee rebates	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total distributions paid to securityholders	–	–	–	(11)	–	(21)	(2,111)	(4,981)	(511)	(1,066)
Security transactions:										
Proceeds from securities issued	–	3,837	–	–	–	2	2,202	3,019	343	220
Reinvested distributions	–	–	–	7	–	1	2,111	4,979	243	726
Payments on redemption of securities	–	(7,471)	–	(456)	–	(564)	(20,400)	(23,440)	(1,087)	(3,401)
Total security transactions	–	(3,634)	–	(449)	–	(561)	(16,087)	(15,442)	(501)	(2,455)
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders	–	(3,989)	–	(493)	–	(621)	(10,325)	(22,499)	(298)	(3,682)
End of period	–	–	–	–	–	–	71,353	81,678	6,672	6,970
Increase (decrease) in fund securities (in thousands) (note 7):										
Securities outstanding – beginning of period	–	358	–	35	–	50	7,632	9,062	573	772
Issued	–	361	–	–	–	–	201	279	28	17
Reinvested distributions	–	–	–	1	–	–	193	478	20	60
Redeemed	–	(719)	–	(36)	–	(50)	(1,880)	(2,187)	(90)	(276)
Securities outstanding – end of period	–	–	–	–	–	–	6,146	7,632	531	573

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION (cont'd)

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000 except per security amounts)

	N8 Series		QF Series		QF5 Series		QFW Series		QFW5 Series	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SECURITYHOLDERS										
Beginning of period	17,137	17,879	6,575	8,258	291	217	4,023	4,262	2	3
Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	1,895	(248)	605	(237)	28	(5)	415	(95)	1	(1)
Distributions paid to securityholders:										
Investment income	(236)	(284)	(49)	(91)	(2)	(4)	(39)	(58)	–	–
Capital gains	(278)	(664)	(58)	(212)	(3)	(9)	(46)	(135)	–	–
Return of capital	(1,335)	(1,467)	–	–	(14)	(12)	–	–	–	–
Management fee rebates	–	–	(5)	(5)	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total distributions paid to securityholders	(1,849)	(2,415)	(112)	(308)	(19)	(25)	(85)	(193)	–	–
Security transactions:										
Proceeds from securities issued	–	648	316	668	–	99	975	801	–	–
Reinvested distributions	1,708	2,190	112	307	19	25	84	193	–	–
Payments on redemption of securities	(1,438)	(917)	(1,599)	(2,113)	(21)	(20)	(1,524)	(945)	–	–
Total security transactions	270	1,921	(1,171)	(1,138)	(2)	104	(465)	49	–	–
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders	316	(742)	(678)	(1,683)	7	74	(135)	(239)	1	(1)
End of period	17,453	17,137	5,897	6,575	298	291	3,888	4,023	3	2
Increase (decrease) in fund securities (in thousands) (note 7):										
Securities outstanding – beginning of period	1,686	1,499	611	715	24	16	387	382	–	–
Issued	–	63	29	61	–	8	93	76	–	–
Reinvested distributions	173	210	10	29	2	2	8	19	–	–
Redeemed	(143)	(86)	(145)	(194)	(2)	(2)	(143)	(90)	–	–
Securities outstanding – end of period	1,716	1,686	505	611	24	24	345	387	–	–

	T5 Series		T8 Series		W Series		W5 Series		W8 Series	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SECURITYHOLDERS										
Beginning of period	1,267	1,451	541	727	52,349	64,616	2,866	3,146	1,430	1,622
Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	99	(52)	43	(28)	4,438	(2,279)	247	(109)	121	(57)
Distributions paid to securityholders:										
Investment income	(3)	(13)	(1)	(6)	(204)	(584)	(12)	(30)	(5)	(15)
Capital gains	(4)	(29)	(1)	(12)	(239)	(1,368)	(14)	(71)	(6)	(36)
Return of capital	(58)	(71)	(42)	(53)	–	–	(137)	(156)	(111)	(135)
Management fee rebates	(1)	(1)	–	–	(4)	(2)	–	–	–	–
Total distributions paid to securityholders	(66)	(114)	(44)	(71)	(447)	(1,954)	(163)	(257)	(122)	(186)
Security transactions:										
Proceeds from securities issued	98	50	40	6	2,978	4,513	346	22	7	97
Reinvested distributions	24	66	14	32	447	1,954	134	207	23	61
Payments on redemption of securities	(340)	(134)	(93)	(125)	(9,565)	(14,501)	(813)	(143)	(69)	(107)
Total security transactions	(218)	(18)	(39)	(87)	(6,140)	(8,034)	(333)	86	(39)	51
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders	(185)	(184)	(40)	(186)	(2,149)	(12,267)	(249)	(280)	(40)	(192)
End of period	1,082	1,267	501	541	50,200	52,349	2,617	2,866	1,390	1,430
Increase (decrease) in fund securities (in thousands) (note 7):										
Securities outstanding – beginning of period	106	107	54	62	4,857	5,593	237	230	142	138
Issued	8	4	5	1	271	418	30	1	1	8
Reinvested distributions	2	6	1	3	40	185	11	17	2	6
Redeemed	(28)	(11)	(10)	(12)	(880)	(1,339)	(68)	(11)	(7)	(10)
Securities outstanding – end of period	88	106	50	54	4,288	4,857	210	237	138	142

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000)

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders from operations	21,263	(7,367)
Adjustments for:		
Net realized loss (gain) on investments	(5,317)	(1,740)
Change in net unrealized loss (gain) on investments	(4,584)	19,762
Distributions received in-kind from underlying funds	(1,261)	(7,652)
Purchase of investments	(101,933)	(7,605)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments	130,508	41,543
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable and other assets	11	–
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilities	12	(1)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	38,699	36,940
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from securities issued	13,654	18,101
Payments on redemption of securities	(51,788)	(54,590)
Distributions paid net of reinvestments	(642)	(885)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(38,776)	(37,374)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(77)	(434)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	291	725
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents	–	–
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	214	291
Cash	214	291
Cash equivalents	–	–
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	214	291
Supplementary disclosures on cash flow from operating activities:		
Dividends received	2,138	2,619
Foreign taxes paid	33	47
Interest received	3,173	4,559
Interest paid	2	2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

as at March 31, 2024

	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
EQUITIES					
Adidas AG	Germany	Consumer Discretionary	1,628	497	492
Alcon Inc.	Switzerland	Health Care	5,730	478	643
Alfresa Holdings Corp.	Japan	Health Care	18,700	511	372
Amada Holdings Co. Ltd.	Japan	Industrials	7,700	90	118
Bangkok Bank PCL	Thailand	Financials	34,900	176	180
Bank Leumi Le-Israel	Israel	Financials	18,824	165	216
Bank of Ireland Group PLC	Ireland	Financials	31,224	141	431
CRH PLC	Ireland	Materials	4,730	229	553
Dah Sing Financial Group	Hong Kong	Financials	24,800	103	77
DCC PLC	United Kingdom	Industrials	6,593	695	649
Deutsche Boerse AG	Germany	Financials	1,666	400	462
Diageo PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Staples	8,083	385	404
Eni SPA	Italy	Energy	8,224	113	176
EssilorLuxottica	France	Health Care	2,143	459	657
Ferguson PLC (USD)	United States	Industrials	1,461	230	432
GEA Group AG	Germany	Industrials	5,924	266	339
GlaxoSmithKline PLC	United Kingdom	Health Care	12,183	397	356
Great Eagle Holdings Ltd.	Hong Kong	Real Estate	28,859	105	55
¹ Groupe Bruxelles Lambert SA	Belgium	Financials	948	109	97
Haleon PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Staples	38,924	209	222
KDDI Corp.	Japan	Communication Services	3,500	141	140
Kingspan Group PLC	Ireland	Industrials	1,000	109	123
Lancashire Holdings Ltd.	United Kingdom	Financials	11,170	149	118
Legrand SA	France	Industrials	884	118	127
LSL Property Services PLC	United Kingdom	Real Estate	64,708	216	294
Nabtesco Corp.	Japan	Industrials	6,700	151	153
Novartis AG Reg.	Switzerland	Health Care	1,009	120	132
Playtech PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Discretionary	13,542	80	107
Roche Holding AG Genussscheine	Switzerland	Health Care	918	332	317
Ryanair Holdings PLC ADR	Ireland	Industrials	3,641	344	718
Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd.	South Korea	Information Technology	9,856	642	815
Sanofi	United States	Health Care	3,368	453	448
Sonova Holding AG	Switzerland	Health Care	636	216	249
The Swatch Group AG	Switzerland	Consumer Discretionary	695	205	219
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co. Ltd. ADR	Taiwan	Information Technology	2,153	294	397
Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson B	Sweden	Information Technology	29,947	363	218
Tencent Holdings Ltd.	China	Communication Services	6,300	414	331
Thai Beverage PCL	Thailand	Consumer Staples	722,800	473	355
Unilever PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Staples	5,828	431	396
Total equities				11,009	12,588
MUTUAL FUNDS					
² Canada Life Canadian Core Bond Fund Series R	Canada	Mutual Funds	6,793,495	79,505	68,240
² Canada Life Canadian Dividend Fund Series R	Canada	Mutual Funds	5,150,513	51,507	54,170
² Canada Life Canadian Growth Fund Series R	Canada	Mutual Funds	1,432,353	22,643	27,013
² Canada Life U.S. Dividend Fund Series R	Canada	Mutual Funds	822,428	10,971	17,515
² Canada Life U.S. All Cap Growth Fund Series R	Canada	Mutual Funds	377,898	31,831	34,601
Total mutual funds				196,457	201,539
Transaction costs				(14)	–
Total investments				207,452	214,127
Cash and cash equivalents					214
Other assets less liabilities					19
Net assets attributable to securityholders					214,360

¹ The issuer of this security is related to CLIML. See Note 1.

² This fund is managed by CLIML.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

SUMMARY OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

MARCH 31, 2024

EFFECTIVE PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Equities	67.2
Bonds	32.2
<i>Bonds</i>	29.9
<i>Long bond futures</i>	2.3
<i>Short bond futures</i>	–
Other assets (liabilities)	0.3
Cash and cash equivalents	0.3

EFFECTIVE REGIONAL ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Canada	61.9
United States	30.0
United Kingdom	1.6
Ireland	1.1
Switzerland	0.9
Germany	0.8
Other	0.7
Japan	0.5
France	0.5
South Korea	0.4
Other assets (liabilities)	0.3
Cash and cash equivalents	0.3
China	0.3
Thailand	0.2
Taiwan	0.2
Netherlands	0.2
Sweden	0.1

EFFECTIVE SECTOR ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Corporate bonds	17.5
Financials	15.1
Information technology	12.0
Industrials	8.1
Provincial bonds	7.3
Energy	6.5
Federal bonds	5.6
Consumer discretionary	5.4
Health care	5.0
Communication services	4.6
Materials	3.3
Consumer staples	3.2
Utilities	2.3
Other	1.9
Real estate	1.6
Other assets (liabilities)	0.3
Cash and cash equivalents	0.3

MARCH 31, 2023

EFFECTIVE PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Equities	66.0
Bonds	31.2
Cash and short-term investments	2.2
Other assets (liabilities)	0.6

EFFECTIVE REGIONAL ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Canada	62.9
United States	26.9
Cash and short-term investments	2.2
United Kingdom	2.1
Switzerland	0.8
Other	0.7
France	0.7
Ireland	0.6
Other assets (liabilities)	0.6
Japan	0.5
Germany	0.5
Brazil	0.4
Thailand	0.3
South Korea	0.3
Hong Kong	0.3
Belgium	0.2

EFFECTIVE SECTOR ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Corporate bonds	17.0
Financials	15.4
Information technology	9.2
Industrials	8.7
Provincial bonds	7.8
Health care	6.1
Energy	5.8
Federal bonds	5.5
Consumer staples	4.9
Consumer discretionary	4.4
Communication services	3.5
Materials	3.5
Utilities	2.8
Cash and short-term investments	2.2
Real estate	1.7
Other	0.9
Other assets (liabilities)	0.6

The effective allocation shows the portfolio, regional or sector exposure of the Fund calculated by combining its direct and indirect investments.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Fiscal Periods and General Information

The information provided in these financial statements and notes thereto is for the periods ended or as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, as applicable. In the year a Fund or series is established or reinstated, 'period' represents the period from inception or reinstatement. Where a series of a Fund was terminated during either period, the information for the series is provided up to close of business on the termination date. Refer to Note 10 for the formation date of the Fund and the inception date of each series.

The Fund is organized as an open-ended mutual fund trust established under the laws of the Province of Ontario pursuant to a Declaration of Trust as amended and restated from time to time. The address of the Fund's registered office is 255 Dufferin Avenue, London, Ontario, Canada. The Fund is authorized to issue an unlimited number of units (referred to as "security" or "securities") of multiple series. Series of the Fund are available for sale under Simplified Prospectus or exempt distribution options.

Canada Life Investment Management Ltd. ("CLIML") is the manager of the Fund and is wholly owned by The Canada Life Assurance Company ("Canada Life"), a subsidiary of Power Corporation of Canada. CLIML has entered into a fund administration agreement with Mackenzie Financial Corporation ("Mackenzie"), a subsidiary of Power Corporation of Canada. Investments in companies within the Power Group of companies held by the Fund are identified in the Schedule of Investments.

2. Basis of Preparation and Presentation

These audited annual financial statements ("financial statements") have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRS"). A summary of the Fund's material accounting policies under IFRS is presented in Note 3.

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency, and rounded to the nearest thousand unless otherwise indicated. These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost basis, except for financial instruments that have been measured at fair value.

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of CLIML on June 6, 2024.

3. Material Accounting Policies

The Fund adopted Disclosure of Accounting Policies Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statements 2 from April 1, 2023. Although the amendments did not result in any changes to the accounting policies themselves, they impacted the accounting policy information disclosed in the financial statements. The amendments require the disclosure of 'material' rather than 'significant' accounting policies. The amendments also provide guidance on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies. The Manager reviewed the accounting policies and made updates to the information disclosed in certain instances in line with the amendments.

(a) Financial instruments

Financial instruments include financial assets and liabilities such as debt and equity securities, investment funds and derivatives. The Fund classifies and measures financial instruments in accordance with IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*. Upon initial recognition, financial instruments are classified as fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). All financial instruments are recognized in the Statement of Financial Position when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual requirements of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the right to receive cash flows from the instrument has expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognized when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires. Investment purchase and sale transactions are recorded as of the trade date.

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at FVTPL with changes in fair value recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net unrealized gain (loss).

The cost of investments is determined on a weighted average cost basis.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments are calculated based on the weighted average cost of investments and exclude commissions and other portfolio transaction costs, which are separately reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs.

Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the investments are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period in which they arise.

The Fund accounts for its holdings in unlisted open-ended investment funds and exchange-traded funds, if any, at FVTPL.

The Fund's redeemable securities contain multiple dissimilar contractual obligations and entitle securityholders to the right to redeem their interest in the Fund for cash equal to their proportionate share of the net asset value of the Fund and therefore meet the criteria for classification as financial liabilities under IAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*. The Fund's obligation for net assets attributable to securityholders is presented at the redemption amount.

IAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows*, requires disclosures related to changes in liabilities and assets, such as the securities of the Fund, arising from financing activities. Changes in securities of the Fund, including both changes from cash flows and non-cash changes, are included in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. Any changes in the securities not settled in cash as at the end of the period are presented as either Accounts receivable for securities issued or Accounts payable for securities redeemed in the Statement of Financial Position. These accounts receivable and accounts payable amounts typically settle shortly after period-end.

(b) Fair value measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(b) Fair value measurement (cont'd)

Investments listed on a public securities exchange or traded on an over-the-counter market are valued on the basis of the last traded market price or closing price recorded by the security exchange on which the security is principally traded, where this price falls within the quoted bid-ask spread for the investment. In circumstances where this price is not within the bid-ask spread, CLIML determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. Mutual fund securities of an underlying fund are valued on a business day at the price calculated by the manager of such underlying fund in accordance with the constating documents of such underlying fund. Unlisted or non-exchange traded investments, or investments where a last sale or close price is unavailable or investments for which market quotations are, in CLIML's opinion, inaccurate, unreliable, or not reflective of all available material information, are valued at their fair value as determined by CLIML using appropriate and accepted industry valuation techniques including valuation models. The fair value determined using valuation models requires the use of inputs and assumptions based on observable market data including volatility and other applicable rates or prices. In limited circumstances, the fair value may be determined using valuation techniques that are not supported by observable market data.

Cash and cash equivalents which includes cash on deposit with financial institutions and short-term investments that are readily convertible to cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are used by the Fund in the management of short-term commitments. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at fair value which closely approximates their amortized cost due to their nature of being highly liquid and having short terms to maturity. Bank overdraft positions are presented under current liabilities as bank indebtedness in the Statement of Financial Position.

The Fund may use derivatives (such as written options, futures, forward contracts, swaps or customized derivatives) to hedge against losses caused by changes in securities prices, interest rates or exchange rates. The Fund may also use derivatives for non-hedging purposes in order to invest indirectly in securities or financial markets, to gain exposure to other currencies, to seek to generate additional income, and/or for any other purpose considered appropriate by the Fund's portfolio manager(s), provided that the use of the derivative is consistent with the Fund's investment objectives. Any use of derivatives will comply with Canadian mutual fund laws, subject to the regulatory exemptions granted to the Fund, as applicable. Refer to "Exemptions and Approvals" in the Simplified Prospectus of the Fund for further details, including the complete conditions of these exemptions, as applicable.

Valuations of derivative instruments are carried out daily, using normal exchange reporting sources for exchange-traded derivatives and specific broker enquiry for over-the-counter derivatives.

The value of forward contracts is the gain or loss that would be realized if, on the valuation date, the positions were to be closed out. The change in value of forward contracts is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net unrealized gain (loss).

The daily fluctuation of futures contracts or swaps, along with daily cash settlements made by the Fund, where applicable, are equal to the change in unrealized gains or losses that are best determined at the settlement price. These unrealized gains or losses are recorded and reported as such until the Fund closes out the contract or the contract expires. Margin paid or deposited in respect of futures contracts or swaps is reflected as a receivable in the Statement of Financial Position – Margin on derivatives. Any change in the variation margin requirement is settled daily.

Premiums paid for purchasing an option are recorded in the Statement of Financial Position – Investments at fair value.

Premiums received from writing options are included in the Statement of Financial Position as a liability and subsequently adjusted daily to fair value. If a written option expires unexercised, the premium received is recognized as a realized gain. If a written call option is exercised, the difference between the proceeds of the sale plus the value of the premium, and the cost of the security is recognized as a realized gain or loss. If a written put option is exercised, the cost of the security acquired is the exercise price of the option less the premium received.

Refer to the Schedule of Derivative Instruments and Schedule of Options Purchased/Written, as applicable, included in the Schedule of Investments for a listing of derivative and options positions as at March 31, 2024.

The Fund categorizes the fair value of its assets and liabilities into three categories, which are differentiated based on the observable nature of the inputs and extent of estimation required.

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly. Examples of Level 2 valuations include quoted prices for similar securities, quoted prices on inactive markets and from recognized investment dealers, and the application of factors derived from observable data to non-North American quoted prices in order to estimate the impact of differences in market closing times.

Financial instruments classified as Level 2 investments are valued based on the prices provided by an independent reputable pricing services company who prices the securities based on recent transactions and quotes received from market participants and through incorporating observable market data and using standard market convention practices. Short-term investments classified as Level 2 investments are valued based on amortized cost plus accrued interest which closely approximates fair value.

The estimated fair values for these securities may be different from the values that would have been used had a ready market for the investment existed; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The inputs are considered observable if they are developed using market data, such as publicly available information about actual events or transactions, and that reflect the assumption that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability.

See Note 10 for the fair value classifications of the Fund.

(c) Income recognition

Interest income for distribution purposes represents the coupon interest received by the Fund which is accounted for on an accrual basis. The Fund does not amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed income securities except for zero coupon bonds, which are amortized on a straight-line basis. Dividends are accrued as of the ex-dividend date. Unrealized gains or losses on investments, realized gains or losses on the sale of investments, including foreign exchange gains or losses on such investments, are calculated on a weighted average cost basis. Distributions received from an underlying fund are included in interest income, dividend income, realized gains (losses) on sale of investments or fee rebate income, as appropriate, on the ex-dividend or distribution date.

Income, realized gains (losses) and unrealized gains (losses) are allocated daily among the series on a pro-rata basis.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(d) Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs

Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire, issue or dispose of financial assets or liabilities. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, exchanges, brokers, dealers and other intermediaries. The total brokerage commissions incurred by the Fund in connection with portfolio transactions for the periods, together with other transaction charges, is disclosed in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Brokerage business is allocated to brokers based on the best net result for the Fund. Subject to this criteria, commissions may be paid to brokerage firms which provide (or pay for) certain services, other than order execution, which may include investment research, analysis and reports, and databases or software in support of these services. Where applicable and ascertainable, the value of these services generated during the periods is disclosed in Note 10. The value of certain proprietary services provided by brokers cannot be reasonably estimated.

(e) Securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions

The Fund is permitted to enter into securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions as set out in the Fund's Simplified Prospectus. These transactions involve the temporary exchange of securities for collateral with a commitment to redeliver the same securities on a future date.

Income is earned from these transactions in the form of fees paid by the counterparty and, in certain circumstances, interest paid on cash or securities held as collateral. Income earned from these transactions is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and recognized when earned. Securities lending transactions are administered by The Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce and The Bank of New York Mellon. The value of cash or securities held as collateral must be at least 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned, sold or purchased.

Note 10 summarizes the details of securities loaned and collateral received as at the end of period, as well as a reconciliation of securities lending income during the period, if applicable. Collateral received is comprised of debt obligations of the Government of Canada and other countries, Canadian provincial and municipal governments, and financial institutions.

(f) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In the normal course of business, the Fund enters into various master netting agreements or similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Statement of Financial Position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or termination of the contracts. Note 10 summarizes the details of such offsetting, if applicable, subject to master netting arrangements or other similar agreements and the net impact to the Statements of Financial Position if all such rights were exercised.

Income and expenses are not offset in the Statement of Comprehensive Income unless required or permitted to by an accounting standard, as specifically disclosed in the IFRS policies of the Fund.

(g) Currency

The functional and presentation currency of the Fund is Canadian dollars. Foreign currency purchases and sales of investments and foreign currency dividend and interest income and expenses are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing at the time of the transactions.

Foreign exchange gains (losses) on purchases and sales of foreign currencies are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net realized gain (loss).

The fair value of investments and other assets and liabilities, denominated in foreign currencies, are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing on each business day.

(h) Net assets attributable to securityholders per security

Net assets attributable to securityholders per security is computed by dividing the net assets attributable to securityholders of a series of securities on a business day by the total number of securities of the series outstanding on that day.

(i) Net asset value per security

The daily Net Asset Value ("NAV") of an investment fund may be calculated without reference to IFRS as per the Canadian Securities Administrators' ("CSA") regulations. The difference between NAV and Net assets attributable to securityholders (as reported in the financial statements), if any, is mainly due to differences in fair value of investments and other financial assets and liabilities and is disclosed in Note 10.

(j) Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders from operations per security

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders from operations per security in the Statement of Comprehensive Income represents the increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders from operations for the period, divided by the weighted average number of securities outstanding during the period.

(k) Mergers

In a fund merger, the Fund acquires all of the assets and assumes all of the liabilities of the terminating fund at fair value in exchange for securities of the Fund on the effective date of the merger.

(l) Future accounting changes

The Fund has determined there are no material implications to the Fund's financial statements arising from IFRS issued but not yet effective.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that primarily affect the valuation of investments. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The following discusses the most significant accounting judgments and estimates made in preparing the financial statements:

Use of Estimates

Fair value of securities not quoted in an active market

The Fund may hold financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets and are valued using valuation techniques that make use of observable data, to the extent practicable. Various valuation techniques are utilized, depending on a number of factors, including comparison with similar instruments for which observable market prices exist and recent arm's length market transactions. Key inputs and assumptions used are company specific and may include estimated discount rates and expected price volatilities. Changes in key inputs, could affect the reported fair value of these financial instruments held by the Fund.

Use of Judgments

Classification and measurement of investments

In classifying and measuring financial instruments held by the Fund, CLIML is required to make significant judgments in order to determine the most appropriate classification in accordance with IFRS 9. CLIML has assessed the Fund's business model, the manner in which all financial instruments are managed and performance evaluated as a group on a fair value basis, and concluded that FVTPL in accordance with IFRS 9 provides the most appropriate measurement and presentation of the Fund's financial instruments.

Functional currency

The Fund's functional and presentation currency is the Canadian dollar, which is the currency considered to best represent the economic effects of the Fund's underlying transactions, events and conditions taking into consideration the manner in which securities are issued and redeemed and how returns and performance by the Fund are measured.

Interest in unconsolidated structured entities

In determining whether an unlisted open-ended investment fund or an exchange-traded fund in which the Fund invests ("Underlying Funds"), but that it does not consolidate, meets the definition of a structured entity, CLIML is required to make significant judgments about whether these underlying funds have the typical characteristics of a structured entity. These Underlying Funds do meet the definition of a structured entity because:

- I. The voting rights in the Underlying Funds are not dominant factors in deciding who controls them;
- II. the activities of the Underlying Funds are restricted by their offering documents; and
- III. the Underlying Funds have narrow and well-defined investment objectives to provide investment opportunities for investors while passing on the associated risks and rewards.

As a result, such investments are accounted for at FVTPL. Note 10 summarizes the details of the Fund's interest in these Underlying Funds, if applicable.

5. Income Taxes

The Fund qualifies as a mutual fund trust under the provisions of the Income Tax Act (Canada) and, accordingly, is subject to tax on its income including net realized capital gains in the taxation year, which is not paid or payable to its securityholders as at the end of the taxation year. The Fund maintains a December year-end for tax purposes. The Fund may be subject to withholding taxes on foreign income. In general, the Fund treats withholding tax as a charge against income for tax purposes. The Fund will distribute sufficient amounts from net income for tax purposes, as required, so that the Fund will not pay income taxes other than refundable tax on capital gains, if applicable.

Losses of the Fund cannot be allocated to investors and are retained in the Fund for use in future years. Non-capital losses may be carried forward up to 20 years to reduce taxable income and realized capital gains of future years. Capital losses may be carried forward indefinitely to reduce future realized capital gains. Refer to Note 10 for the Fund's loss carryforwards.

6. Management Fees and Operating Expenses

The management fees were used by CLIML for managing the investment portfolio, providing investment analysis and recommendations, making investment decisions, making brokerage arrangements relating to the purchase and sale of the investment portfolio and making arrangements with registered dealers for the purchase and sale of securities of the Fund by investors. The management fee is calculated on each series of securities of the Fund as a fixed annual percentage of the daily net asset value of the series.

CLIML pays the administration fee to Mackenzie for providing day-to-day administration services, including, financial reporting, communications to investors and securityholder reporting, maintaining the books and records of the Fund, NAV calculations, and processing orders for securities of the Funds. In addition, Mackenzie pays all costs and expenses (other than certain specified fund costs) required to operate the Fund that are not included in the management fee. The Administration Fee is calculated on each series of securities of the Fund as a fixed annual percentage of the daily net asset value of the series.

Other fund costs include taxes (including, but not limited to GST/HST and income tax), interest and borrowing costs, all fees and expenses of the CLIML Funds' Independent Review Committee ("IRC"), costs of complying with the regulatory requirement to produce Fund Facts, fees paid to external service providers associated with tax reclaims, refunds or the preparation of foreign tax reports on behalf of the Funds, new fees related to external services that were not commonly charged in the Canadian mutual fund industry and introduced after the date of the most recently filed simplified prospectus, and the costs of complying with any new regulatory requirements, including, without limitation, any new fees introduced after the date of the most recently filed simplified prospectus.

CLIML may waive or absorb management fees and/or Administration Fees at its discretion and stop waiving or absorbing such fees at any time without notice. Refer to Note 10 for the management fee and Administration Fee rates charged to each series of securities.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. Fund's Capital

The capital of the Fund, which is comprised of the net assets attributable to securityholders, is divided into different series with each series having an unlimited number of securities. The securities outstanding for the Fund as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 and securities issued, reinvested and redeemed for the periods are presented in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. CLIML manages the capital of the Fund in accordance with the investment objectives as discussed in Note 10.

8. Financial Instruments Risk

i. Risk exposure and management

The Fund's investment activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, as defined in IFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures*. The Fund's exposure to financial risks is concentrated in its investments, which are presented in the Schedule of Investments, as at March 31, 2024, grouped by asset type, with geographic and sector information.

CLIML seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of financial risks on the Fund's performance by employing professional, experienced portfolio advisors, by monitoring the Fund's positions and market events daily, by diversifying the investment portfolio within the constraints of the Fund's investment objectives, and where applicable, by using derivatives to hedge certain risk exposures. To assist in managing risks, CLIML also maintains a governance structure that oversees the Fund's investment activities and monitors compliance with the Fund's stated investment strategy, internal guidelines, and securities regulations.

ii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises when the Fund encounters difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they become due. The Fund is exposed to liquidity risk due to potential daily cash redemptions of redeemable securities. In order to monitor the liquidity of its assets, the Fund utilizes a liquidity risk management program that calculates the number of days to convert the investments held by the Fund into cash using a multi-day liquidation approach. This liquidity risk analysis assesses the Fund's liquidity against predetermined minimum liquidity percentages established for different time periods and is monitored quarterly. In addition, the Fund has the ability to borrow up to 5% of its net assets for the purposes of funding redemptions.

In order to comply with securities regulations, the Fund must maintain at least 85% of its assets in liquid investments (i.e., investments that can be readily sold).

iii. Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that financial instruments which are denominated or exchanged in a currency other than the Canadian dollar, which is the Fund's functional currency, will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. Generally, foreign denominated investments increase in value when the value of the Canadian dollar (relative to foreign currencies) falls. Conversely, when the value of the Canadian dollar rises relative to foreign currencies, the values of foreign denominated investments fall.

Note 10 indicates the foreign currencies, if applicable, to which the Fund had significant exposure, including both monetary and non-monetary financial instruments, and illustrates the potential impact, in Canadian dollar terms, to the Fund's net assets had the Canadian dollar strengthened or weakened by 5% relative to all foreign currencies, all other variables held constant. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The Fund's sensitivity to currency risk illustrated in Note 10 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying funds and Exchange Traded Funds ("ETFs") in which the Fund invests, and/or derivative contracts including forward currency contracts. Other financial assets and liabilities (including dividends and interest receivable, and receivables/payables for investments sold/purchased) that are denominated in foreign currencies do not expose the Fund to significant currency risk.

iv. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises on interest-bearing financial instruments. The Fund is exposed to the risk that the value of interest-bearing financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. Generally, these securities increase in value when interest rates fall and decrease in value when interest rates rise.

If significant, Note 10 summarizes the Fund's interest-bearing financial instruments by remaining term to maturity and illustrates the potential impact to the Fund's net assets had prevailing interest rates increased or decreased by 1%, assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, all other variables held constant. The Fund's sensitivity to interest rate changes was estimated using weighted average duration. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The Fund's sensitivity to interest rate risk illustrated in Note 10 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying funds and ETFs in which the Fund invests, and/or derivative contracts. Cash and cash equivalents and other money market instruments are short term in nature and are not generally subject to significant amounts of interest rate risk.

v. Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. All investments present a risk of loss of capital. This risk is managed through a careful selection of investments and other financial instruments within the parameters of the investment strategies. Except for certain derivative contracts, the maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is equivalent to their fair value. The maximum risk of loss on certain derivative contracts such as forwards, swaps, and futures contracts is equal to their notional values. In the case of written call (put) options and short futures contracts, the loss to the Fund continues to increase, theoretically without limit, as the fair value of the underlying interest increases (decreases). However, these instruments are generally used within the overall investment management process to manage the risk from the underlying investments and do not typically increase the overall risk of loss to the Fund. This risk is mitigated by ensuring that the Fund holds a combination of the underlying interest, cash cover and/or margin that is equal to or greater than the value of the derivative contract.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. Financial Instruments Risk (cont'd)

v. Other price risk (cont'd)

Other price risk typically arises from exposure to equity and commodity securities. If significant, Note 10 illustrates the potential increase or decrease in the Fund's net assets, had the prices on the respective exchanges for these securities increased or decreased by 10%, all other variables held constant. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The Fund's sensitivity to other price risk illustrated in Note 10 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying funds and ETFs in which the Fund invests, and/or derivative contracts.

vi. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Fund. Note 10 summarizes the Fund's exposure, if applicable and significant, to credit risk.

If presented, credit ratings and rating categories are based on ratings issued by a designated rating organization. Indirect exposure to credit risk may arise from fixed-income securities, such as bonds, held by underlying funds and ETFs, if any. The fair value of debt securities includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the debt issuer.

To minimize the possibility of settlement default, securities are exchanged for payment simultaneously, where market practices permit, through the facilities of a central depository and/or clearing agency where customary.

The carrying amount of investments and other assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure as at the date of the Statement of Financial Position. The Fund may enter into securities lending transactions with counterparties and it may also be exposed to credit risk from the counterparties to the derivative instruments it may use. Credit risk associated with these transactions is considered minimal as all counterparties have a rating equivalent to a designated rating organization's credit rating of not less than A-1 (low) on their short-term debt and of A on their long-term debt, as applicable.

vii. Underlying funds

The Fund may invest in underlying funds and may be indirectly exposed to currency risk, interest rate risk, other price risk and credit risk from fluctuations in the value of financial instruments held by the underlying funds. Note 10 summarizes the Fund's exposure, if applicable and significant, to these risks from underlying funds.

9. Other Information

Abbreviations

Foreign currencies, if any, are presented in these financial statements using the following abbreviated currency codes:

Currency Code	Description	Currency Code	Description	Currency Code	Description
AUD	Australian dollars	HUF	Hungarian forint	PLN	Polish zloty
AED	United Arab Emirates Dirham	IDR	Indonesian rupiah	QAR	Qatar Rial
BRL	Brazilian real	ILS	Israeli shekel	RON	Romanian leu
CAD	Canadian dollars	INR	Indian rupee	RUB	Russian ruble
CHF	Swiss franc	JPY	Japanese yen	SAR	Saudi riyal
CZK	Czech koruna	KOR	South Korean won	SEK	Swedish krona
CLP	Chilean peso	MXN	Mexican peso	SGD	Singapore dollars
CNY	Chinese yuan	MYR	Malaysian ringgit	THB	Thailand baht
COP	Colombian peso	NGN	Nigerian naira	TRL	Turkish lira
DKK	Danish krone	NOK	Norwegian krona	USD	United States dollars
EGP	Egyptian pound	NTD	New Taiwan dollar	VND	Vietnamese dong
EUR	Euro	NZD	New Zealand dollars	ZAR	South African rand
GBP	United Kingdom pounds	PEN	Peruvian nuevo sol	ZMW	Zambian kwacha
GHS	Ghana Cedi	PHP	Philippine peso		
HKD	Hong Kong dollars	PKR	Pakistani rupee		

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. Fund Specific Information (in '000, except for (a))

(a) Fund Formation and Series Information

Date of Formation: June 28, 2017

The Fund may issue an unlimited number of securities of each series. The number of issued and outstanding securities of each series is disclosed in the Statements of Changes in Financial Position.

A Series, T5 Series and T8 Series securities are offered to investors investing a minimum of \$500. Investors in T5 Series and T8 Series securities also want to receive a monthly cash flow of 5% or 8% per year, respectively.

F Series, F5 Series and F8 Series securities are offered to investors investing a minimum of \$500, who are enrolled in a Quadrus-sponsored fee-for-service or wrap program and who are subject to an asset-based fee. Investors in F5 Series and F8 Series securities also want to receive a monthly cash flow of 5% or 8% per year, respectively.

N Series, N5 Series and N8 Series securities are offered to investors investing a minimum of \$500, who have eligible minimum total holdings of \$500,000, and who have entered into an N Series Account Agreement with CLIML and Quadrus. Investors in N5 Series and N8 Series securities also want to receive a monthly cash flow of 5% or 8% per year, respectively.

QF Series and QF5 Series securities are offered to retail investors investing a minimum of \$500. Investors are required to negotiate their advisor service fee, which cannot exceed 1.25%, with their financial advisor. Investors in QF5 Series securities also want to receive a monthly cash flow of 5% per year.

QFW Series and QFW5 Series securities are offered to high net worth investors investing a minimum of \$500 and who have eligible minimum total holdings of \$500,000. Investors are required to negotiate their advisor service fee, which cannot exceed 1.25%, with their financial advisor. Investors in QFW5 Series securities also want to receive a monthly cash flow of 5% per year.

W Series, W5 Series and W8 Series securities are offered to investors investing a minimum of \$500 and who have eligible minimum total holdings of \$500,000. Investors in W5 Series and W8 Series securities also want to receive a monthly cash flow of 5% or 8% per year, respectively.

Effective September 16, 2022, FW Series, FW5 Series and FW8 Series securities were redesignated as F Series, F5 Series and F8 Series securities respectively.

An investor in the Fund may choose among different purchase options that are available under each series. These purchase options are a sales charge purchase option, a redemption charge purchase option,[†] a low-load purchase option[†] and a no-load purchase option. The charges under the sales charge purchase option are negotiated by investors with their dealers. The charges under the redemption charge and low-load purchase options are paid to CLIML if an investor redeems securities of the Fund during specific periods. Not all purchase options are available under each series of the Fund, and the charges for each purchase option may vary among the different series. For further details on these purchase options, please refer to the Fund's Simplified Prospectus and Fund Facts.

[†] The redemption charge purchase option and the low-load purchase option are no longer available for purchase, including those made through systematic purchase plans such as pre-authorized contribution plans. Switching from securities of a Canada Life Fund previously purchased under the redemption charge or low-load purchase options to securities of another Canada Life Fund, under the same purchase option, will continue to be available.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. Fund Specific Information (in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)

(a) Fund Formation and Series Information (cont'd)

Series	Inception/ Reinstatement Date	Management Fee	Administration Fee
A Series	July 14, 2017	2.00%	0.21%
F Series	July 14, 2017	0.70% ⁽²⁾	0.15%
F5 Series	July 14, 2017	0.70% ⁽²⁾	0.15%
F8 Series	July 14, 2017	0.70% ⁽²⁾	0.15%
FW Series	None issued ⁽³⁾	0.70%	0.15%
FW5 Series	None issued ⁽³⁾	0.70%	0.15%
FW8 Series	None issued ⁽³⁾	0.70%	0.15%
N Series	July 14, 2017	— ⁽¹⁾	— ⁽¹⁾
N5 Series	July 14, 2017	— ⁽¹⁾	— ⁽¹⁾
N8 Series	July 14, 2017	— ⁽¹⁾	— ⁽¹⁾
QF Series	July 14, 2017	1.00%	0.21%
QF5 Series	July 14, 2017	1.00%	0.21%
QFW Series	August 7, 2018	0.70%	0.15%
QFW5 Series	August 7, 2018	0.70%	0.15%
T5 Series	July 14, 2017	2.00%	0.21%
T8 Series	July 14, 2017	2.00%	0.21%
W Series	July 14, 2017	1.70%	0.15%
W5 Series	July 14, 2017	1.70%	0.15%
W8 Series	July 14, 2017	1.70%	0.15%

(1) This fee is negotiable and payable directly to CLIML by investors in this series through redemptions of their securities.

(2) Prior to July 22, 2022, the management fees for F Series, F5 Series and F8 Series were charged to the Fund at a rate of 1.00%.

(3) The series' original start date was August 7, 2018. On September 16, 2022, all securities in FW Series, FW5 Series and FW8 Series were redesignated as F Series, F5 Series and F8 Series, respectively.

(b) Tax Loss Carryforwards

As at the last taxation year-end, there were no capital and non-capital losses available to carry forward for tax purposes.

(c) Securities Lending

	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023	
	(\$)		(\$)	
Value of securities loaned	218		161	
Value of collateral received	228		176	

	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023	
	(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)
Gross securities lending income	1	100.0	1	100.0
Tax withheld	—	—	—	—
	1	100.0	1	100.0
Payments to securities lending agent	—	—	—	—
Securities lending income	1	100.0	1	100.0

(d) Commissions

For the periods ended March 31, 2024, and 2023, commissions paid by the Fund did not generate any third-party services that were provided or paid for by brokers.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. Fund Specific Information (in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)

(e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments

i. Risk exposure and management

The Fund seeks long-term capital growth and income by investing primarily in equities issued by companies around the world and Canadian fixed income and money market securities, directly, through other investment funds or through derivatives that provide exposure to such securities or investment funds. The Fund's asset mix will generally range between 40% to 70% equities and 30% to 60% fixed income securities. The Fund may hold up to 49% of its assets in foreign investments.

ii. Currency risk

The tables below summarize the Fund's exposure to currency risk.

Currency	March 31, 2024				Impact on net assets			
	Investments	Cash and Short-Term Investments	Derivative Instruments	Net Exposure*	Strengthened by 5%		Weakened by 5%	
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	%	(\$)	%
EUR	3,748	(20)	–	3,728				
GBP	2,150	4	–	2,154				
USD	2,100	(6)	–	2,094				
CHF	1,560	4	–	1,564				
KOR	815	–	–	815				
JPY	783	1	–	784				
HKD	463	–	–	463				
SGD	355	(4)	–	351				
SEK	218	–	–	218				
ILS	216	–	–	216				
THB	180	–	–	180				
Total	12,588	(21)	–	12,567				
% of Net Assets	5.9	–	–	5.9				
Total currency rate sensitivity					(3,712)	(1.7)	3,712	1.7

Currency	March 31, 2023				Impact on net assets			
	Investments	Cash and Short-Term Investments	Derivative Instruments	Net Exposure*	Strengthened by 5%		Weakened by 5%	
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	%	(\$)	%
EUR	3,931	–	–	3,931				
GBP	2,457	1	–	2,458				
CHF	1,365	1	–	1,366				
USD	1,261	–	–	1,261				
JPY	912	–	–	912				
KOR	563	–	–	563				
HKD	497	–	–	497				
SGD	471	12	–	483				
ILS	425	1	–	426				
SEK	243	–	–	243				
THB	215	(12)	–	203				
Total	12,340	3	–	12,343				
% of Net Assets	5.3	–	–	5.3				
Total currency rate sensitivity					(3,702)	(1.6)	3,702	1.6

* Includes both monetary and non-monetary financial instruments

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. Fund Specific Information (in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)

(e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments (cont'd)

iii. Interest rate risk

The Fund does not directly hold any interest-bearing financial instruments other than a nominal amount of cash and short-term investments. The Fund is indirectly exposed to the risk that the value of interest-bearing financial instruments held by the underlying funds will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

As at March 31, 2024, had prevailing interest rates increased or decreased by 1%, assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, with all other variables held constant, net assets would have decreased or increased by approximately \$4,903 or 2.3% of total net assets (2023 – \$4,596 or 2.0%). In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

iv. Other price risk

The table below summarizes the Fund's exposure to other price risk.

Impact on net assets	Increased by 10%		Decreased by 10%	
	(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)
March 31, 2024	14,677	6.8	(14,677)	(6.8)
March 31, 2023	15,646	6.7	(15,646)	(6.7)

v. Credit risk

The Fund's greatest indirect concentration of credit risk is in debt securities, such as bonds, held by underlying funds. The fair value of debt securities includes consideration of the credit worthiness of the debt issuer. For more information regarding the credit risk of underlying funds, refer to the underlying funds' financial statements available on the SEDAR+ website at www.sedarplus.ca or at www.canadalifeinvest.ca.

(f) Fair Value Classification

The table below summarizes the fair value of the Fund's financial instruments using the fair value hierarchy described in note 3.

	March 31, 2024				March 31, 2023			
	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)
Equities	12,588	–	–	12,588	1,261	11,079	–	12,340
Mutual funds	201,539	–	–	201,539	219,237	–	–	219,237
Total	214,127	–	–	214,127	220,498	11,079	–	231,577

The Fund's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

During the period ended March 31, 2024, non-North American equities frequently transferred between Level 1 (unadjusted quoted market prices) and Level 2 (adjusted market prices). As at March 31, 2024, these securities were classified as Level 1 (2023 – Level 2).

During the period ended March 31, 2024, equities with a fair value of \$185 (2023 – \$Nil) were transferred from Level 2 to Level 1 as a result of changes in the inputs used for valuation.

(g) Investments by the Manager and Affiliates

The investments held by the Manager, other funds managed by the Manager, and funds managed by affiliates of the Manager, investing in series S of the Fund, as applicable (as described in *Fund Formation and Series Information* in note 10), were as follows:

	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	(\$)	(\$)
The Manager	37	33
Other funds managed by the Manager	–	–
Funds managed by affiliates of the Manager	–	–

(h) Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no amounts subject to offsetting.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. Fund Specific Information *(in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)*

(i) Interest in Unconsolidated Structured Entities

The Fund's investment details in the Underlying Funds as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

March 31, 2024	% of Underlying Fund's Net Assets	Fair Value of Fund's Investment (\$)
Canada Life Canadian Core Bond Fund Series R	32.0	68,240
Canada Life Canadian Dividend Fund Series R	4.1	54,170
Canada Life Canadian Growth Fund Series R	6.5	27,013
Canada Life U.S. Dividend Fund Series R	5.4	17,515
Canada Life U.S. All Cap Growth Fund Series R	1.8	34,601

March 31, 2023	% of Underlying Fund's Net Assets	Fair Value of Fund's Investment (\$)
Canada Life Canadian Core Bond Fund Series R	33.0	75,637
Canada Life Canadian Focused Dividend Fund Series R	13.4	57,725
Canada Life Canadian Growth Fund Series R	9.1	28,953
Canada Life U.S. Dividend Fund Series R	7.5	18,777
Canada Life U.S. Growth Fund Series R	33.8	38,145