

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

MANAGEMENT REPORT

Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by Canada Life Investment Management Ltd., as Manager of Canada Life Global Low Volatility Fund (the "Fund"). The Manager is responsible for the integrity, objectivity and reliability of the data presented. This responsibility includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and making judgments and estimates consistent with IFRS Accounting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for the development of internal controls over the financial reporting process, which are designed to provide reasonable assurance that relevant and reliable financial information is produced.

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Canada Life Investment Management Ltd. is responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements and overseeing the Manager's performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Board meets regularly with senior representatives of the Manager and auditors to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting process, auditing matters and financial reporting issues.

KPMG LLP is the external auditor of the Fund. It is appointed by the Board. The external auditor has audited the financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards to enable it to express to the securityholders its opinion on the financial statements. Its report is set out below.

On behalf of Canada Life Investment Management Ltd.,
Manager of the Fund



Steve Fiorelli
Chief Executive Officer



Jeff Van Hoeve
Chief Financial Officer

June 6, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Securityholders of Canada Life Global Low Volatility Fund (the "Fund")

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Fund, which comprise:

- the statements of financial position as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023
- the statements of comprehensive income for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1
- the statements of changes in financial position for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1
- the statements of cash flows for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1 and
- notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies (Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023, and its financial performance and cash flows for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1 in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (cont'd)

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

– the information included in the Annual Management Report of Fund Performance of the Fund filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the information included in the Annual Management Report of Fund Performance of the Fund filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions as at the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditor's report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Fund.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants
Toronto, Canada
June 6, 2024

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

at March 31 (in \$ 000 except per security amounts)

	2024 \$	2023 \$
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Investments at fair value	9,491	5,645
Cash and cash equivalents	89	188
Dividends receivable	19	14
Accounts receivable for investments sold	–	1
Accounts receivable for securities issued	1	5
Total assets	9,600	5,853
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable for investments purchased	1	1
Accounts payable for securities redeemed	12	36
Due to manager	1	–
Total liabilities	14	37
Net assets attributable to securityholders	9,586	5,816

	Net assets attributable to securityholders (note 3)			
	per security		per series	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
A Series	13.25	11.54	2,891	2,994
F Series	13.30	11.55	102	74
F5 Series	13.39	12.23	3	3
N Series	13.31	11.55	467	605
N5 Series	13.54	12.34	2	1
QF Series	13.32	11.57	158	187
QF5 Series	13.42	12.26	2	1
QFW Series	12.95	11.24	63	52
QFW5 Series	14.55	13.31	1	1
Series R	11.34	–	3,707	–
T5 Series	13.33	12.20	10	9
W Series	13.53	11.76	2,178	1,888
W5 Series	13.48	12.33	2	1
			9,586	5,816

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000 except per security amounts)

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Income		
Dividends	247	167
Interest income for distribution purposes	3	2
Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets		
Net realized gain (loss)	247	79
Net unrealized gain (loss)	985	(34)
Securities lending income	1	–
Total income (loss)	1,483	214
Expenses (note 6)		
Management fees	102	97
Management fee rebates	(2)	(2)
Administration fees	13	12
Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs	5	2
Independent Review Committee fees	–	–
Other	1	1
Expenses before amounts absorbed by Manager	119	110
Expenses absorbed by Manager	–	–
Net expenses	119	110
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders from operations before tax	1,364	104
Foreign withholding tax expense (recovery)	35	21
Foreign income tax expense (recovery)	–	–
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders from operations	1,329	83

	Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders from operations (note 3)			
	per security		per series	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
A Series	1.65	0.15	393	35
F Series	2.11	0.28	14	2
F5 Series	1.99	0.76	–	1
FW Series	–	(0.56)	–	–
FW5 Series	–	(0.69)	–	–
N Series	1.86	0.36	84	16
N5 Series	2.12	0.42	1	–
QF Series	1.74	0.20	25	3
QF5 Series	1.96	0.29	1	–
QFW Series	1.87	0.26	7	2
QFW5 Series	2.15	0.32	–	–
Series R	1.59	–	516	–
T5 Series	1.76	0.10	1	–
W Series	1.81	0.15	286	24
W5 Series	1.87	0.18	1	–
			1,329	83

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000 except per security amounts)

	Total		A Series		F Series		F5 Series		FW Series		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SECURITYHOLDERS											
Beginning of period	5,816	5,152	2,994	2,668	74	69	3	1	–	1	
Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	1,329	83	393	35	14	2	–	1	–	–	
Distributions paid to securityholders:											
Investment income	(85)	(25)	–	(2)	(1)	(1)	–	–	–	–	
Capital gains	(2)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
Management fee rebates	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	–	–	–	–	–	–	
Total distributions paid to securityholders	(89)	(27)	(2)	(4)	(1)	(1)	–	–	–	–	
Security transactions:											
Proceeds from securities issued	4,278	1,230	255	656	26	3	–	1	–	–	
Reinvested distributions	89	26	2	3	1	1	–	–	–	–	
Payments on redemption of securities	(1,837)	(648)	(751)	(364)	(12)	–	–	–	–	(1)	
Total security transactions	2,530	608	(494)	295	15	4	–	1	–	(1)	
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders	3,770	664	(103)	326	28	5	–	2	–	(1)	
End of period	9,586	5,816	2,891	2,994	102	74	3	3	–	–	
Increase (decrease) in fund securities (in thousands) (note 7):											
Securities outstanding – beginning of period			Securities	259	233	6	6	–	–	–	–
Issued			22	58	3	–	–	–	–	–	–
Reinvested distributions			–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Redeemed			(63)	(32)	(1)	–	–	–	–	–	–
Securities outstanding – end of period			218	259	8	6	–	–	–	–	–
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SECURITYHOLDERS											
Beginning of period	–	1	605	496	1	1	187	212	1	1	
Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	–	–	84	16	1	–	25	3	1	–	
Distributions paid to securityholders:											
Investment income	–	–	(11)	(13)	–	–	(1)	(2)	–	–	
Capital gains	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
Management fee rebates	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
Total distributions paid to securityholders	–	–	(11)	(13)	–	–	(1)	(2)	–	–	
Security transactions:											
Proceeds from securities issued	–	–	2	175	–	–	3	7	–	–	
Reinvested distributions	–	–	11	13	–	–	1	2	–	–	
Payments on redemption of securities	–	(1)	(224)	(82)	–	–	(57)	(35)	–	–	
Total security transactions	–	(1)	(211)	106	–	–	(53)	(26)	–	–	
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders	–	(1)	(138)	109	1	–	(29)	(25)	1	–	
End of period	–	–	467	605	2	1	158	187	2	1	
Increase (decrease) in fund securities (in thousands) (note 7):											
Securities outstanding – beginning of period	–	–	Securities	52	43	–	–	16	18	–	–
Issued	–	–	–	15	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
Reinvested distributions	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Redeemed	–	–	(18)	(7)	–	–	(4)	(3)	–	–	
Securities outstanding – end of period	–	–	35	52	–	–	12	16	–	–	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION (cont'd)

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000 except per security amounts)

	QFW Series		QFW5 Series		Series R	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SECURITYHOLDERS						
Beginning of period	52	50	1	1	–	–
Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	7	2	–	–	516	–
Distributions paid to securityholders:						
Investment income	(1)	(1)	–	–	(68)	–
Capital gains	–	–	–	–	(2)	–
Management fee rebates	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total distributions paid to securityholders	(1)	(1)	–	–	(70)	–
Security transactions:						
Proceeds from securities issued	4	1	–	–	3,789	–
Reinvested distributions	1	1	–	–	70	–
Payments on redemption of securities	–	(1)	–	–	(598)	–
Total security transactions	5	1	–	–	3,261	–
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders	11	2	–	–	3,707	–
End of period	63	52	1	1	3,707	–
Increase (decrease) in fund securities (in thousands) (note 7):						
Securities outstanding – beginning of period	5	4	–	–	–	–
Issued	–	1	–	–	378	–
Reinvested distributions	–	–	–	–	7	–
Redeemed	–	–	–	–	(58)	–
Securities outstanding – end of period	5	5	–	–	327	–

	T5 Series		W Series		W5 Series	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SECURITYHOLDERS						
Beginning of period	9	9	1,888	1,641	1	1
Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	1	–	286	24	1	–
Distributions paid to securityholders:						
Investment income	–	–	(3)	(6)	–	–
Capital gains	–	–	–	–	–	–
Management fee rebates	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total distributions paid to securityholders	–	–	(3)	(6)	–	–
Security transactions:						
Proceeds from securities issued	–	–	199	387	–	–
Reinvested distributions	–	–	3	6	–	–
Payments on redemption of securities	–	–	(195)	(164)	–	–
Total security transactions	–	–	7	229	–	–
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders	1	–	290	247	1	–
End of period	10	9	2,178	1,888	2	1
Increase (decrease) in fund securities (in thousands) (note 7):						
Securities outstanding – beginning of period	1	1	161	141	–	–
Issued	–	–	16	34	–	–
Reinvested distributions	–	–	–	1	–	–
Redeemed	–	–	(16)	(15)	–	–
Securities outstanding – end of period	1	1	161	161	–	–

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000)

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders from operations	1,329	83
Adjustments for:		
Net realized loss (gain) on investments	(255)	(79)
Change in net unrealized loss (gain) on investments	(985)	34
Purchase of investments	(7,533)	(2,806)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments	4,928	2,229
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable and other assets	(5)	(6)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilities	1	–
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(2,520)	(545)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from securities issued	4,132	1,157
Payments on redemption of securities	(1,711)	(550)
Distributions paid net of reinvestments	–	(1)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	2,421	606
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(99)	61
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	188	127
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents	–	–
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	89	188
Cash	89	188
Cash equivalents	–	–
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	89	188
Supplementary disclosures on cash flow from operating activities:		
Dividends received	242	161
Foreign taxes paid	35	21
Interest received	3	2
Interest paid	–	–

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

as at March 31, 2024

	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
EQUITIES					
3i Group PLC	United Kingdom	Financials	1,092	31	52
A.P. Moller - Maersk AS Class B	Denmark	Industrials	5	13	9
AbbVie Inc.	United States	Health Care	542	101	134
Accenture PLC Class A	United States	Information Technology	237	84	111
Adobe Systems Inc.	United States	Information Technology	10	8	7
Aflac Inc.	United States	Financials	731	82	85
AIB Group PLC	Ireland	Financials	2,712	17	19
Allianz SE Reg.	Germany	Financials	318	96	129
Alphabet Inc. Class A	United States	Communication Services	614	73	126
Amazon.com Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	481	78	118
Apple Inc.	United States	Information Technology	855	122	200
Arrow Electronics Inc.	United States	Information Technology	622	98	109
AT&T Inc.	United States	Communication Services	1,169	38	28
Automatic Data Processing Inc.	United States	Industrials	54	16	18
AutoZone Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	13	32	55
Bank Hapoalim	Israel	Financials	9,530	101	123
The Bank of New York Mellon Corp.	United States	Financials	1,645	91	128
Best Buy Co. Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	725	68	81
Bridgestone Corp.	Japan	Consumer Discretionary	600	32	36
Bristol-Myers Squibb Co.	United States	Health Care	1,484	120	109
Brookfield Asset Management Inc.	Canada	Financials	1,098	46	62
Brother Industries Ltd.	Japan	Information Technology	2,300	51	58
Bunge Global SA	United States	Consumer Staples	637	93	88
Canon Inc.	Japan	Information Technology	3,005	99	121
Cardinal Health Inc.	United States	Health Care	439	37	67
Cencora Inc.	United States	Health Care	164	32	54
Centrica PLC	United Kingdom	Utilities	12,967	33	28
CF Industries Holdings Inc.	United States	Materials	240	22	27
Chevron Corp.	United States	Energy	378	91	81
Cigna Corp.	United States	Health Care	200	77	98
Cisco Systems Inc.	United States	Information Technology	1,429	84	97
CK Asset Holdings Ltd.	Hong Kong	Real Estate	8,000	63	45
CK Hutchison Holdings Ltd.	Hong Kong	Industrials	4,000	33	26
The Coca-Cola Co.	United States	Consumer Staples	870	71	72
Cognizant Technology Solutions Corp.	United States	Information Technology	1,139	105	113
Comcast Corp. Class A	United States	Communication Services	851	49	50
CVS Health Corp.	United States	Health Care	1,110	102	120
Daito Trust Construction Co. Ltd.	Japan	Real Estate	705	90	110
Daiwa House Industry Co. Ltd.	Japan	Real Estate	1,700	66	69
DBS Group Holdings Ltd.	Singapore	Financials	400	13	14
Elevance Health Inc.	United States	Health Care	166	105	117
Endesa SA	Spain	Utilities	3,777	109	95
Exelon Corp.	United States	Utilities	207	11	11
Expeditors International of Washington Inc.	United States	Industrials	415	56	68
Exxon Mobil Corp.	United States	Energy	312	40	49
Ferguson PLC (USD)	United States	Industrials	414	86	122
Fresenius SE & Co. KGaA	Germany	Health Care	518	20	19
Fujitsu Ltd.	Japan	Information Technology	1,000	18	22
General Mills Inc.	United States	Consumer Staples	529	58	50
Gilead Sciences Inc.	United States	Health Care	943	94	94
GlaxoSmithKline PLC	United Kingdom	Health Care	4,286	110	125
Henkel AG & Co. KGaA Pfd.	Germany	Consumer Staples	841	85	92
Henry Schein Inc.	United States	Health Care	147	14	15
The Home Depot Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	260	106	135
Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Ltd.	Hong Kong	Financials	1,967	102	78
HP Inc.	United States	Information Technology	2,162	84	88
International Business Machines Corp.	United States	Information Technology	190	32	49
Israel Discount Bank Ltd.	Israel	Financials	3,255	23	23
Johnson & Johnson	United States	Health Care	511	116	109
KDDI Corp.	Japan	Communication Services	2,500	99	100
Koninklijke Ahold Delhaize NV	Netherlands	Consumer Staples	2,630	104	107
The Kroger Co.	United States	Consumer Staples	1,711	87	132

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

as at March 31, 2024

	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
EQUITIES (cont'd)					
Lowe's Companies Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	267	71	92
Manulife Financial Corp.	Canada	Financials	4,027	98	136
Marathon Petroleum Corp.	United States	Energy	518	84	141
MasterCard Inc. Class A	United States	Financials	191	104	125
McDonald's Corp.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	22	9	8
McKesson Corp.	United States	Health Care	161	49	117
MEIJI Holdings Co. Ltd.	Japan	Consumer Staples	1,600	55	48
Merck & Co. Inc.	United States	Health Care	741	94	132
Meta Platforms Inc. Class A	United States	Communication Services	18	8	12
Microsoft Corp.	United States	Information Technology	385	102	220
Mizrahi Tefahot Bank Ltd.	Israel	Financials	1,291	57	67
The Mosaic Co.	United States	Materials	656	31	29
Muenchener Rueckversicherungs - Gesellschaft AG (MunichRe)	Germany	Financials	67	37	44
Nokia OYJ	Finland	Information Technology	19,469	108	94
Northern Trust Corp.	United States	Financials	367	46	44
Novartis AG Reg.	Switzerland	Health Care	810	100	106
Nucor Corp.	United States	Materials	132	25	35
NVIDIA Corp.	United States	Information Technology	114	72	139
Ono Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd.	Japan	Health Care	500	13	11
O'Reilly Automotive Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	53	49	81
PACCAR Inc.	United States	Industrials	69	9	12
Pfizer Inc.	United States	Health Care	2,546	129	96
The Procter & Gamble Co.	United States	Consumer Staples	497	79	109
Public Storage	United States	Real Estate	206	71	81
PulteGroup Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	526	47	86
Red Electrica Corporacion SA	Spain	Utilities	896	22	21
Regeneron Pharmaceuticals Inc.	United States	Health Care	64	56	83
Regions Financial Corp.	United States	Financials	4,963	126	141
Reliance Steel & Aluminum Co.	United States	Materials	76	25	34
Repsol SA	Spain	Energy	3,459	66	78
Roche Holding AG Genussscheine	Switzerland	Health Care	287	110	99
Schlumberger Ltd.	United States	Energy	1,409	90	105
SECOM Co. Ltd.	Japan	Industrials	300	28	29
Seiko Epson Corp.	Japan	Information Technology	5,400	109	128
Shionogi & Co. Ltd.	Japan	Health Care	100	6	7
Sino Land Co. Ltd.	Hong Kong	Real Estate	15,225	25	21
Stellantis NV	United States	Consumer Discretionary	2,293	63	88
Subaru Corp.	Japan	Consumer Discretionary	3,800	90	117
Sun Hung Kai Properties Ltd.	Hong Kong	Real Estate	4,000	69	52
Synchrony Financial	United States	Financials	1,774	74	104
Texas Instruments Inc.	United States	Information Technology	511	116	121
The TJX Companies Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	824	93	113
Toppan Printing Co. Ltd.	Japan	Industrials	1,400	33	49
Total SA	France	Energy	1,134	92	105
Ulta Beauty Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	47	27	33
United Parcel Service Inc. (UPS) Class B	United States	Industrials	506	103	102
UnitedHealth Group Inc.	United States	Health Care	140	90	94
Valero Energy Corp.	United States	Energy	332	52	77
Verizon Communications Inc.	United States	Communication Services	2,088	122	119
Vertex Pharmaceuticals Inc.	United States	Health Care	97	36	55
Visa Inc. Class A	United States	Financials	308	85	116
W.W. Grainger Inc.	United States	Industrials	52	47	72
Wal-Mart Stores Inc.	United States	Consumer Staples	1,359	87	111
West Fraser Timber Co. Ltd.	Canada	Materials	548	60	64
Weyerhaeuser Co.	United States	Real Estate	2,311	106	112
WH Group Ltd.	Hong Kong	Consumer Staples	20,000	17	18
Total equities				7,789	9,310

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

as at March 31, 2024

	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
EXCHANGE-TRADED FUNDS/NOTES					
Vanguard FTSE Developed Markets ETF	United States	Exchange-Traded Funds/Notes	1,068	69	73
Vanguard S&P 500 ETF	United States	Exchange-Traded Funds/Notes	166	100	108
Total exchange-traded funds/notes				169	181
Transaction costs				(3)	–
Total investments				7,955	9,491
Cash and cash equivalents					89
Other assets less liabilities					6
Net assets attributable to securityholders					9,586

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

SUMMARY OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

MARCH 31, 2024

PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Equities	97.1
Exchange-traded funds/notes	1.9
Cash and cash equivalents	0.9
Other assets (liabilities)	0.1

REGIONAL ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
United States	67.5
Japan	9.4
Germany	3.0
Canada	2.7
Hong Kong	2.5
Israel	2.2
United Kingdom	2.1
Switzerland	2.1
Other	2.1
Spain	2.0
Netherlands	1.1
France	1.1
Finland	1.0
Cash and cash equivalents	0.9
Ireland	0.2
Other assets (liabilities)	0.1

SECTOR ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Health care	19.4
Information technology	17.5
Financials	15.6
Consumer discretionary	10.9
Consumer staples	8.6
Energy	6.6
Industrials	5.3
Real estate	5.1
Communication services	4.5
Materials	2.0
Exchange-traded funds/notes	1.9
Utilities	1.6
Cash and cash equivalents	0.9
Other assets (liabilities)	0.1

MARCH 31, 2023

EFFECTIVE PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Equities	97.0
Cash and short-term investments	3.3
Other assets (liabilities)	(0.3)

EFFECTIVE REGIONAL ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
United States	63.8
Japan	10.2
Hong Kong	4.0
Cash and short-term investments	3.3
Canada	3.0
Switzerland	2.9
Israel	2.2
France	1.9
Germany	1.8
Netherlands	1.4
Other	1.3
Sweden	1.3
Spain	1.0
United Kingdom	0.9
Norway	0.7
Singapore	0.6
Other assets (liabilities)	(0.3)

EFFECTIVE SECTOR ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Health care	18.2
Financials	13.8
Information technology	13.6
Consumer staples	13.2
Industrials	7.2
Real estate	7.0
Energy	6.9
Communication services	6.6
Consumer discretionary	6.2
Cash and short-term investments	3.3
Materials	2.2
Utilities	2.1
Other assets (liabilities)	(0.3)

As at March 31, 2023, the effective allocation shows the portfolio, regional or sector exposure of the Fund calculated by combining its direct and indirect investments.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Fiscal Periods and General Information

The information provided in these financial statements and notes thereto is for the periods ended or as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, as applicable. In the year a Fund or series is established or reinstated, 'period' represents the period from inception or reinstatement. Where a series of a Fund was terminated during either period, the information for the series is provided up to close of business on the termination date. Refer to Note 10 for the formation date of the Fund and the inception date of each series.

The Fund is organized as an open-ended mutual fund trust established under the laws of the Province of Ontario pursuant to a Declaration of Trust as amended and restated from time to time. The address of the Fund's registered office is 255 Dufferin Avenue, London, Ontario, Canada. The Fund is authorized to issue an unlimited number of units (referred to as "security" or "securities") of multiple series. Series of the Fund are available for sale under Simplified Prospectus or exempt distribution options.

Canada Life Investment Management Ltd. ("CLIML") is the manager of the Fund and is wholly owned by The Canada Life Assurance Company ("Canada Life"), a subsidiary of Power Corporation of Canada. CLIML has entered into a fund administration agreement with Mackenzie Financial Corporation ("Mackenzie"), a subsidiary of Power Corporation of Canada. Investments in companies within the Power Group of companies held by the Fund are identified in the Schedule of Investments.

2. Basis of Preparation and Presentation

These audited annual financial statements ("financial statements") have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRS"). A summary of the Fund's material accounting policies under IFRS is presented in Note 3.

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency, and rounded to the nearest thousand unless otherwise indicated. These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost basis, except for financial instruments that have been measured at fair value.

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of CLIML on June 6, 2024.

3. Material Accounting Policies

The Fund adopted Disclosure of Accounting Policies Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statements 2 from April 1, 2023. Although the amendments did not result in any changes to the accounting policies themselves, they impacted the accounting policy information disclosed in the financial statements. The amendments require the disclosure of 'material' rather than 'significant' accounting policies. The amendments also provide guidance on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies. The Manager reviewed the accounting policies and made updates to the information disclosed in certain instances in line with the amendments.

(a) Financial instruments

Financial instruments include financial assets and liabilities such as debt and equity securities, investment funds and derivatives. The Fund classifies and measures financial instruments in accordance with IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*. Upon initial recognition, financial instruments are classified as fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). All financial instruments are recognized in the Statement of Financial Position when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual requirements of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the right to receive cash flows from the instrument has expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognized when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires. Investment purchase and sale transactions are recorded as of the trade date.

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at FVTPL with changes in fair value recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net unrealized gain (loss).

The cost of investments is determined on a weighted average cost basis.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments are calculated based on the weighted average cost of investments and exclude commissions and other portfolio transaction costs, which are separately reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs.

Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the investments are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period in which they arise.

The Fund accounts for its holdings in unlisted open-ended investment funds and exchange-traded funds, if any, at FVTPL.

The Fund's redeemable securities contain multiple dissimilar contractual obligations and entitle securityholders to the right to redeem their interest in the Fund for cash equal to their proportionate share of the net asset value of the Fund and therefore meet the criteria for classification as financial liabilities under IAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*. The Fund's obligation for net assets attributable to securityholders is presented at the redemption amount.

IAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows*, requires disclosures related to changes in liabilities and assets, such as the securities of the Fund, arising from financing activities. Changes in securities of the Fund, including both changes from cash flows and non-cash changes, are included in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. Any changes in the securities not settled in cash as at the end of the period are presented as either Accounts receivable for securities issued or Accounts payable for securities redeemed in the Statement of Financial Position. These accounts receivable and accounts payable amounts typically settle shortly after period-end.

(b) Fair value measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(b) Fair value measurement (cont'd)

Investments listed on a public securities exchange or traded on an over-the-counter market are valued on the basis of the last traded market price or closing price recorded by the security exchange on which the security is principally traded, where this price falls within the quoted bid-ask spread for the investment. In circumstances where this price is not within the bid-ask spread, CLIML determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. Mutual fund securities of an underlying fund are valued on a business day at the price calculated by the manager of such underlying fund in accordance with the constating documents of such underlying fund. Unlisted or non-exchange traded investments, or investments where a last sale or close price is unavailable or investments for which market quotations are, in CLIML's opinion, inaccurate, unreliable, or not reflective of all available material information, are valued at their fair value as determined by CLIML using appropriate and accepted industry valuation techniques including valuation models. The fair value determined using valuation models requires the use of inputs and assumptions based on observable market data including volatility and other applicable rates or prices. In limited circumstances, the fair value may be determined using valuation techniques that are not supported by observable market data.

Cash and cash equivalents which includes cash on deposit with financial institutions and short-term investments that are readily convertible to cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are used by the Fund in the management of short-term commitments. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at fair value which closely approximates their amortized cost due to their nature of being highly liquid and having short terms to maturity. Bank overdraft positions are presented under current liabilities as bank indebtedness in the Statement of Financial Position.

The Fund may use derivatives (such as written options, futures, forward contracts, swaps or customized derivatives) to hedge against losses caused by changes in securities prices, interest rates or exchange rates. The Fund may also use derivatives for non-hedging purposes in order to invest indirectly in securities or financial markets, to gain exposure to other currencies, to seek to generate additional income, and/or for any other purpose considered appropriate by the Fund's portfolio manager(s), provided that the use of the derivative is consistent with the Fund's investment objectives. Any use of derivatives will comply with Canadian mutual fund laws, subject to the regulatory exemptions granted to the Fund, as applicable. Refer to "Exemptions and Approvals" in the Simplified Prospectus of the Fund for further details, including the complete conditions of these exemptions, as applicable.

Valuations of derivative instruments are carried out daily, using normal exchange reporting sources for exchange-traded derivatives and specific broker enquiry for over-the-counter derivatives.

The value of forward contracts is the gain or loss that would be realized if, on the valuation date, the positions were to be closed out. The change in value of forward contracts is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net unrealized gain (loss).

The daily fluctuation of futures contracts or swaps, along with daily cash settlements made by the Fund, where applicable, are equal to the change in unrealized gains or losses that are best determined at the settlement price. These unrealized gains or losses are recorded and reported as such until the Fund closes out the contract or the contract expires. Margin paid or deposited in respect of futures contracts or swaps is reflected as a receivable in the Statement of Financial Position – Margin on derivatives. Any change in the variation margin requirement is settled daily.

Premiums paid for purchasing an option are recorded in the Statement of Financial Position – Investments at fair value.

Premiums received from writing options are included in the Statement of Financial Position as a liability and subsequently adjusted daily to fair value. If a written option expires unexercised, the premium received is recognized as a realized gain. If a written call option is exercised, the difference between the proceeds of the sale plus the value of the premium, and the cost of the security is recognized as a realized gain or loss. If a written put option is exercised, the cost of the security acquired is the exercise price of the option less the premium received.

Refer to the Schedule of Derivative Instruments and Schedule of Options Purchased/Written, as applicable, included in the Schedule of Investments for a listing of derivative and options positions as at March 31, 2024.

The Fund categorizes the fair value of its assets and liabilities into three categories, which are differentiated based on the observable nature of the inputs and extent of estimation required.

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly. Examples of Level 2 valuations include quoted prices for similar securities, quoted prices on inactive markets and from recognized investment dealers, and the application of factors derived from observable data to non-North American quoted prices in order to estimate the impact of differences in market closing times.

Financial instruments classified as Level 2 investments are valued based on the prices provided by an independent reputable pricing services company who prices the securities based on recent transactions and quotes received from market participants and through incorporating observable market data and using standard market convention practices. Short-term investments classified as Level 2 investments are valued based on amortized cost plus accrued interest which closely approximates fair value.

The estimated fair values for these securities may be different from the values that would have been used had a ready market for the investment existed; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The inputs are considered observable if they are developed using market data, such as publicly available information about actual events or transactions, and that reflect the assumption that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability.

See Note 10 for the fair value classifications of the Fund.

(c) Income recognition

Interest income for distribution purposes represents the coupon interest received by the Fund which is accounted for on an accrual basis. The Fund does not amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed income securities except for zero coupon bonds, which are amortized on a straight-line basis. Dividends are accrued as of the ex-dividend date. Unrealized gains or losses on investments, realized gains or losses on the sale of investments, including foreign exchange gains or losses on such investments, are calculated on a weighted average cost basis. Distributions received from an underlying fund are included in interest income, dividend income, realized gains (losses) on sale of investments or fee rebate income, as appropriate, on the ex-dividend or distribution date.

Income, realized gains (losses) and unrealized gains (losses) are allocated daily among the series on a pro-rata basis.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(d) Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs

Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire, issue or dispose of financial assets or liabilities. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, exchanges, brokers, dealers and other intermediaries. The total brokerage commissions incurred by the Fund in connection with portfolio transactions for the periods, together with other transaction charges, is disclosed in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Brokerage business is allocated to brokers based on the best net result for the Fund. Subject to this criteria, commissions may be paid to brokerage firms which provide (or pay for) certain services, other than order execution, which may include investment research, analysis and reports, and databases or software in support of these services. Where applicable and ascertainable, the value of these services generated during the periods is disclosed in Note 10. The value of certain proprietary services provided by brokers cannot be reasonably estimated.

(e) Securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions

The Fund is permitted to enter into securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions as set out in the Fund's Simplified Prospectus. These transactions involve the temporary exchange of securities for collateral with a commitment to redeliver the same securities on a future date.

Income is earned from these transactions in the form of fees paid by the counterparty and, in certain circumstances, interest paid on cash or securities held as collateral. Income earned from these transactions is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and recognized when earned. Securities lending transactions are administered by The Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce and The Bank of New York Mellon. The value of cash or securities held as collateral must be at least 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned, sold or purchased.

Note 10 summarizes the details of securities loaned and collateral received as at the end of period, as well as a reconciliation of securities lending income during the period, if applicable. Collateral received is comprised of debt obligations of the Government of Canada and other countries, Canadian provincial and municipal governments, and financial institutions.

(f) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In the normal course of business, the Fund enters into various master netting agreements or similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Statement of Financial Position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or termination of the contracts. Note 10 summarizes the details of such offsetting, if applicable, subject to master netting arrangements or other similar agreements and the net impact to the Statements of Financial Position if all such rights were exercised.

Income and expenses are not offset in the Statement of Comprehensive Income unless required or permitted to by an accounting standard, as specifically disclosed in the IFRS policies of the Fund.

(g) Currency

The functional and presentation currency of the Fund is Canadian dollars. Foreign currency purchases and sales of investments and foreign currency dividend and interest income and expenses are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing at the time of the transactions.

Foreign exchange gains (losses) on purchases and sales of foreign currencies are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net realized gain (loss).

The fair value of investments and other assets and liabilities, denominated in foreign currencies, are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing on each business day.

(h) Net assets attributable to securityholders per security

Net assets attributable to securityholders per security is computed by dividing the net assets attributable to securityholders of a series of securities on a business day by the total number of securities of the series outstanding on that day.

(i) Net asset value per security

The daily Net Asset Value ("NAV") of an investment fund may be calculated without reference to IFRS as per the Canadian Securities Administrators' ("CSA") regulations. The difference between NAV and Net assets attributable to securityholders (as reported in the financial statements), if any, is mainly due to differences in fair value of investments and other financial assets and liabilities and is disclosed in Note 10.

(j) Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders from operations per security

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders from operations per security in the Statement of Comprehensive Income represents the increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to securityholders from operations for the period, divided by the weighted average number of securities outstanding during the period.

(k) Mergers

In a fund merger, the Fund acquires all of the assets and assumes all of the liabilities of the terminating fund at fair value in exchange for securities of the Fund on the effective date of the merger.

(l) Future accounting changes

The Fund has determined there are no material implications to the Fund's financial statements arising from IFRS issued but not yet effective.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that primarily affect the valuation of investments. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The following discusses the most significant accounting judgments and estimates made in preparing the financial statements:

Use of Estimates

Fair value of securities not quoted in an active market

The Fund may hold financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets and are valued using valuation techniques that make use of observable data, to the extent practicable. Various valuation techniques are utilized, depending on a number of factors, including comparison with similar instruments for which observable market prices exist and recent arm's length market transactions. Key inputs and assumptions used are company specific and may include estimated discount rates and expected price volatilities. Changes in key inputs, could affect the reported fair value of these financial instruments held by the Fund.

Use of Judgments

Classification and measurement of investments

In classifying and measuring financial instruments held by the Fund, CLIML is required to make significant judgments in order to determine the most appropriate classification in accordance with IFRS 9. CLIML has assessed the Fund's business model, the manner in which all financial instruments are managed and performance evaluated as a group on a fair value basis, and concluded that FVTPL in accordance with IFRS 9 provides the most appropriate measurement and presentation of the Fund's financial instruments.

Functional currency

The Fund's functional and presentation currency is the Canadian dollar, which is the currency considered to best represent the economic effects of the Fund's underlying transactions, events and conditions taking into consideration the manner in which securities are issued and redeemed and how returns and performance by the Fund are measured.

Interest in unconsolidated structured entities

In determining whether an unlisted open-ended investment fund or an exchange-traded fund in which the Fund invests ("Underlying Funds"), but that it does not consolidate, meets the definition of a structured entity, CLIML is required to make significant judgments about whether these underlying funds have the typical characteristics of a structured entity. These Underlying Funds do meet the definition of a structured entity because:

- I. The voting rights in the Underlying Funds are not dominant factors in deciding who controls them;
- II. the activities of the Underlying Funds are restricted by their offering documents; and
- III. the Underlying Funds have narrow and well-defined investment objectives to provide investment opportunities for investors while passing on the associated risks and rewards.

As a result, such investments are accounted for at FVTPL. Note 10 summarizes the details of the Fund's interest in these Underlying Funds, if applicable.

5. Income Taxes

The Fund qualifies as a mutual fund trust under the provisions of the Income Tax Act (Canada) and, accordingly, is subject to tax on its income including net realized capital gains in the taxation year, which is not paid or payable to its securityholders as at the end of the taxation year. The Fund maintains a December year-end for tax purposes. The Fund may be subject to withholding taxes on foreign income. In general, the Fund treats withholding tax as a charge against income for tax purposes. The Fund will distribute sufficient amounts from net income for tax purposes, as required, so that the Fund will not pay income taxes other than refundable tax on capital gains, if applicable.

Losses of the Fund cannot be allocated to investors and are retained in the Fund for use in future years. Non-capital losses may be carried forward up to 20 years to reduce taxable income and realized capital gains of future years. Capital losses may be carried forward indefinitely to reduce future realized capital gains. Refer to Note 10 for the Fund's loss carryforwards.

6. Management Fees and Operating Expenses

The management fees were used by CLIML for managing the investment portfolio, providing investment analysis and recommendations, making investment decisions, making brokerage arrangements relating to the purchase and sale of the investment portfolio and making arrangements with registered dealers for the purchase and sale of securities of the Fund by investors. The management fee is calculated on each series of securities of the Fund as a fixed annual percentage of the daily net asset value of the series.

CLIML pays the administration fee to Mackenzie for providing day-to-day administration services, including, financial reporting, communications to investors and securityholder reporting, maintaining the books and records of the Fund, NAV calculations, and processing orders for securities of the Funds. In addition, Mackenzie pays all costs and expenses (other than certain specified fund costs) required to operate the Fund that are not included in the management fee. The Administration Fee is calculated on each series of securities of the Fund as a fixed annual percentage of the daily net asset value of the series.

Other fund costs include taxes (including, but not limited to GST/HST and income tax), interest and borrowing costs, all fees and expenses of the CLIML Funds' Independent Review Committee ("IRC"), costs of complying with the regulatory requirement to produce Fund Facts, fees paid to external service providers associated with tax reclaims, refunds or the preparation of foreign tax reports on behalf of the Funds, new fees related to external services that were not commonly charged in the Canadian mutual fund industry and introduced after the date of the most recently filed simplified prospectus, and the costs of complying with any new regulatory requirements, including, without limitation, any new fees introduced after the date of the most recently filed simplified prospectus.

CLIML may waive or absorb management fees and/or Administration Fees at its discretion and stop waiving or absorbing such fees at any time without notice. Refer to Note 10 for the management fee and Administration Fee rates charged to each series of securities.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. Fund's Capital

The capital of the Fund, which is comprised of the net assets attributable to securityholders, is divided into different series with each series having an unlimited number of securities. The securities outstanding for the Fund as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 and securities issued, reinvested and redeemed for the periods are presented in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. CLIML manages the capital of the Fund in accordance with the investment objectives as discussed in Note 10.

8. Financial Instruments Risk

i. Risk exposure and management

The Fund's investment activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, as defined in IFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures*. The Fund's exposure to financial risks is concentrated in its investments, which are presented in the Schedule of Investments, as at March 31, 2024, grouped by asset type, with geographic and sector information.

CLIML seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of financial risks on the Fund's performance by employing professional, experienced portfolio advisors, by monitoring the Fund's positions and market events daily, by diversifying the investment portfolio within the constraints of the Fund's investment objectives, and where applicable, by using derivatives to hedge certain risk exposures. To assist in managing risks, CLIML also maintains a governance structure that oversees the Fund's investment activities and monitors compliance with the Fund's stated investment strategy, internal guidelines, and securities regulations.

ii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises when the Fund encounters difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they become due. The Fund is exposed to liquidity risk due to potential daily cash redemptions of redeemable securities. In order to monitor the liquidity of its assets, the Fund utilizes a liquidity risk management program that calculates the number of days to convert the investments held by the Fund into cash using a multi-day liquidation approach. This liquidity risk analysis assesses the Fund's liquidity against predetermined minimum liquidity percentages established for different time periods and is monitored quarterly. In addition, the Fund has the ability to borrow up to 5% of its net assets for the purposes of funding redemptions.

In order to comply with securities regulations, the Fund must maintain at least 85% of its assets in liquid investments (i.e., investments that can be readily sold).

iii. Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that financial instruments which are denominated or exchanged in a currency other than the Canadian dollar, which is the Fund's functional currency, will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. Generally, foreign denominated investments increase in value when the value of the Canadian dollar (relative to foreign currencies) falls. Conversely, when the value of the Canadian dollar rises relative to foreign currencies, the values of foreign denominated investments fall.

Note 10 indicates the foreign currencies, if applicable, to which the Fund had significant exposure, including both monetary and non-monetary financial instruments, and illustrates the potential impact, in Canadian dollar terms, to the Fund's net assets had the Canadian dollar strengthened or weakened by 5% relative to all foreign currencies, all other variables held constant. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The Fund's sensitivity to currency risk illustrated in Note 10 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying funds and Exchange Traded Funds ("ETFs") in which the Fund invests, and/or derivative contracts including forward currency contracts. Other financial assets and liabilities (including dividends and interest receivable, and receivables/payables for investments sold/purchased) that are denominated in foreign currencies do not expose the Fund to significant currency risk.

iv. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises on interest-bearing financial instruments. The Fund is exposed to the risk that the value of interest-bearing financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. Generally, these securities increase in value when interest rates fall and decrease in value when interest rates rise.

If significant, Note 10 summarizes the Fund's interest-bearing financial instruments by remaining term to maturity and illustrates the potential impact to the Fund's net assets had prevailing interest rates increased or decreased by 1%, assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, all other variables held constant. The Fund's sensitivity to interest rate changes was estimated using weighted average duration. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The Fund's sensitivity to interest rate risk illustrated in Note 10 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying funds and ETFs in which the Fund invests, and/or derivative contracts. Cash and cash equivalents and other money market instruments are short term in nature and are not generally subject to significant amounts of interest rate risk.

v. Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. All investments present a risk of loss of capital. This risk is managed through a careful selection of investments and other financial instruments within the parameters of the investment strategies. Except for certain derivative contracts, the maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is equivalent to their fair value. The maximum risk of loss on certain derivative contracts such as forwards, swaps, and futures contracts is equal to their notional values. In the case of written call (put) options and short futures contracts, the loss to the Fund continues to increase, theoretically without limit, as the fair value of the underlying interest increases (decreases). However, these instruments are generally used within the overall investment management process to manage the risk from the underlying investments and do not typically increase the overall risk of loss to the Fund. This risk is mitigated by ensuring that the Fund holds a combination of the underlying interest, cash cover and/or margin that is equal to or greater than the value of the derivative contract.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. Financial Instruments Risk (cont'd)

v. Other price risk (cont'd)

Other price risk typically arises from exposure to equity and commodity securities. If significant, Note 10 illustrates the potential increase or decrease in the Fund's net assets, had the prices on the respective exchanges for these securities increased or decreased by 10%, all other variables held constant. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The Fund's sensitivity to other price risk illustrated in Note 10 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying funds and ETFs in which the Fund invests, and/or derivative contracts.

vi. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Fund. Note 10 summarizes the Fund's exposure, if applicable and significant, to credit risk.

If presented, credit ratings and rating categories are based on ratings issued by a designated rating organization. Indirect exposure to credit risk may arise from fixed-income securities, such as bonds, held by underlying funds and ETFs, if any. The fair value of debt securities includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the debt issuer.

To minimize the possibility of settlement default, securities are exchanged for payment simultaneously, where market practices permit, through the facilities of a central depository and/or clearing agency where customary.

The carrying amount of investments and other assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure as at the date of the Statement of Financial Position. The Fund may enter into securities lending transactions with counterparties and it may also be exposed to credit risk from the counterparties to the derivative instruments it may use. Credit risk associated with these transactions is considered minimal as all counterparties have a rating equivalent to a designated rating organization's credit rating of not less than A-1 (low) on their short-term debt and of A on their long-term debt, as applicable.

vii. Underlying funds

The Fund may invest in underlying funds and may be indirectly exposed to currency risk, interest rate risk, other price risk and credit risk from fluctuations in the value of financial instruments held by the underlying funds. Note 10 summarizes the Fund's exposure, if applicable and significant, to these risks from underlying funds.

9. Other Information

Abbreviations

Foreign currencies, if any, are presented in these financial statements using the following abbreviated currency codes:

Currency Code	Description	Currency Code	Description	Currency Code	Description
AUD	Australian dollars	HUF	Hungarian forint	PLN	Polish zloty
AED	United Arab Emirates Dirham	IDR	Indonesian rupiah	QAR	Qatar Rial
BRL	Brazilian real	ILS	Israeli shekel	RON	Romanian leu
CAD	Canadian dollars	INR	Indian rupee	RUB	Russian ruble
CHF	Swiss franc	JPY	Japanese yen	SAR	Saudi riyal
CZK	Czech koruna	KOR	South Korean won	SEK	Swedish krona
CLP	Chilean peso	MXN	Mexican peso	SGD	Singapore dollars
CNY	Chinese yuan	MYR	Malaysian ringgit	THB	Thailand baht
COP	Colombian peso	NGN	Nigerian naira	TRL	Turkish lira
DKK	Danish krone	NOK	Norwegian krona	USD	United States dollars
EGP	Egyptian pound	NTD	New Taiwan dollar	VND	Vietnamese dong
EUR	Euro	NZD	New Zealand dollars	ZAR	South African rand
GBP	United Kingdom pounds	PEN	Peruvian nuevo sol	ZMW	Zambian kwacha
GHS	Ghana Cedi	PHP	Philippine peso		
HKD	Hong Kong dollars	PKR	Pakistani rupee		

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. Fund Specific Information (in '000, except for (a))

(a) Fund Formation and Series Information

Date of Formation: June 29, 2016

The Fund may issue an unlimited number of securities of each series. The number of issued and outstanding securities of each series is disclosed in the Statements of Changes in Financial Position.

A Series and T5 Series securities are offered to investors investing a minimum of \$500. Investors in T5 Series securities also want to receive a monthly cash flow of 5% per year.

F Series and F5 Series securities are offered to investors investing a minimum of \$500, who are enrolled in a Quadrus-sponsored fee-for-service or wrap program and who are subject to an asset-based fee. Investors in F5 Series securities also want to receive a monthly cash flow of 5% per year.

N Series and N5 Series securities are offered to investors investing a minimum of \$500, who have eligible minimum total holdings of \$500,000, and who have entered into an N Series Account Agreement with CLIML and Quadrus. Investors in N5 Series securities also want to receive a monthly cash flow of 5% per year.

QF Series and QF5 Series securities are offered to retail investors investing a minimum of \$500. Investors are required to negotiate their advisor service fee, which cannot exceed 1.25%, with their financial advisor. Investors in QF5 Series securities also want to receive a monthly cash flow of 5% per year.

QFW Series and QFW5 Series securities are offered to high net worth investors investing a minimum of \$500 and who have eligible minimum total holdings of \$500,000. Investors are required to negotiate their advisor service fee, which cannot exceed 1.25%, with their financial advisor. Investors in QFW5 Series securities also want to receive a monthly cash flow of 5% per year.

Series R securities are offered only to other funds managed by Mackenzie on a non-prospectus basis in connection with fund-of-fund arrangements.

W Series and W5 Series securities are offered to investors investing a minimum of \$500 and who have eligible minimum total holdings of \$500,000. Investors in W5 Series securities also want to receive a monthly cash flow of 5% per year.

Effective September 16, 2022, FW Series and FW5 Series securities were redesignated as F Series and F5 Series securities respectively.

An investor in the Fund may choose among different purchase options that are available under each series. These purchase options are a sales charge purchase option, a redemption charge purchase option,[†] a low-load purchase option[†] and a no-load purchase option. The charges under the sales charge purchase option are negotiated by investors with their dealers. The charges under the redemption charge and low-load purchase options are paid to CLIML if an investor redeems securities of the Fund during specific periods. Not all purchase options are available under each series of the Fund, and the charges for each purchase option may vary among the different series. For further details on these purchase options, please refer to the Fund's Simplified Prospectus and Fund Facts.

Series	Inception/ Reinstatement Date	Management Fee	Administration Fee	Net Asset Value per Security (\$)
A Series	July 12, 2016	2.00%	0.28%	13.24
F Series	July 12, 2016	0.80% ⁽²⁾	0.15%	13.28
F5 Series	July 12, 2016	0.80% ⁽²⁾	0.15%	13.37
FW Series	None issued ⁽³⁾	0.80%	0.15%	–
FW5 Series	None issued ⁽³⁾	0.80%	0.15%	–
N Series	July 12, 2016	– ⁽¹⁾	– ⁽¹⁾	13.29
N5 Series	July 12, 2016	– ⁽¹⁾	– ⁽¹⁾	13.53
QF Series	July 12, 2016	1.00%	0.28%	13.31
QF5 Series	July 12, 2016	1.00%	0.28%	13.40
QFW Series	August 7, 2018	0.80%	0.15%	12.94
QFW5 Series	August 7, 2018	0.80%	0.15%	14.54
Series R	April 25, 2023	n/a	n/a	11.33
T5 Series	July 12, 2016	2.00%	0.28%	13.32
W Series	July 12, 2016	1.80%	0.15%	13.52
W5 Series	July 12, 2016	1.80%	0.15%	13.46

[†] The redemption charge purchase option and the low-load purchase option are no longer available for purchase, including those made through systematic purchase plans such as pre-authorized contribution plans. Switching from securities of a Canada Life Fund previously purchased under the redemption charge or low-load purchase options to securities of another Canada Life Fund, under the same purchase option, will continue to be available.

(1) This fee is negotiable and payable directly to CLIML by investors in this series through redemptions of their securities.

(2) Prior to July 22, 2022, the management fees for F Series and F5 Series were charged to the Fund at a rate of 1.00%.

(3) The series' original start date was August 7, 2018. On September 16, 2022, all securities in FW Series and FW5 Series were redesignated as F Series and F5 Series, respectively.

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. Fund Specific Information (in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)

(b) Tax Loss Carryforwards

As at the last taxation year-end, there were no capital and non-capital losses available to carry forward for tax purposes.

(c) Securities Lending

	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023	
	(\$)		(\$)	
Value of securities loaned	123		7	
Value of collateral received	130		7	

	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023	
	(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)
Gross securities lending income	1	100.0	–	–
Tax withheld	–	–	–	–
	1	100.0	–	–
Payments to securities lending agent	–	–	–	–
Securities lending income	1	100.0	–	–

(d) Commissions

For the periods ended March 31, 2024, and 2023, commissions paid by the Fund did not generate any third-party services that were provided or paid for by brokers.

(e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments

i. Risk exposure and management

The Fund seeks long-term capital growth by investing in equities of companies anywhere in the world, either directly or through other mutual funds, with a focus on companies and/or sectors that are believed likely to have lower sensitivity to broader market movements. The Fund seeks to provide lower volatility than the broad global equity market over a full market cycle (generally three years or more).

ii. Currency risk

The tables below summarize the Fund's exposure to currency risk.

Currency	March 31, 2024				Impact on net assets			
	Investments (\$)	Cash and Short-Term Investments (\$)	Derivative Instruments (\$)	Net Exposure* (\$)	Strengthened by 5%		Weakened by 5%	
					(\$)	%	(\$)	%
USD	6,547	(1)	–	6,546				
JPY	905	2	–	907				
EUR	891	1	–	892				
HKD	240	–	–	240				
ILS	213	1	–	214				
CHF	205	–	–	205				
GBP	205	–	–	205				
SGD	14	–	–	14				
DKK	9	–	–	9				
Total	9,229	3	–	9,232				
% of Net Assets	96.3	–	–	96.3				
Total currency rate sensitivity					(462)	(4.8)	462	4.8

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. Fund Specific Information (in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)

(e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments (cont'd)

ii. Currency risk (cont'd)

Currency	March 31, 2023				Impact on net assets			
	Investments (\$)	Cash and Short-Term Investments (\$)	Derivative Instruments (\$)	Net Exposure* (\$)	Strengthened by 5%		Weakened by 5%	
					(\$)	%	(\$)	%
USD	3,764	4	–	3,768				
JPY	559	1	–	560				
EUR	374	–	–	374				
CHF	264	–	–	264				
HKD	230	–	–	230				
ILS	117	1	–	118				
SEK	71	–	–	71				
NOK	37	–	–	37				
GBP	33	1	–	34				
SGD	31	–	–	31				
DKK	5	1	–	6				
AUD	–	1	–	1				
Total	5,485	9	–	5,494				
% of Net Assets	94.3	0.2	–	94.5				
Total currency rate sensitivity					(275)	(4.7)	275	4.7

* Includes both monetary and non-monetary financial instruments

iii. Interest rate risk

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Fund did not have a significant exposure to interest rate risk.

iv. Other price risk

The table below summarizes the Fund's exposure to other price risk.

Impact on net assets	Increased by 10%		Decreased by 10%	
	(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)
March 31, 2024	949	9.9	(949)	(9.9)
March 31, 2023	565	9.7	(565)	(9.7)

v. Credit risk

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Fund did not have a significant exposure to credit risk.

(f) Fair Value Classification

The table below summarizes the fair value of the Fund's financial instruments using the fair value hierarchy described in note 3.

	March 31, 2024				March 31, 2023			
	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)
Equities	9,310	–	–	9,310	3,519	1,721	–	5,240
Exchange-traded funds/notes	181	–	–	181	405	–	–	405
Total	9,491	–	–	9,491	3,924	1,721	–	5,645

The Fund's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

During the period ended March 31, 2024, non-North American equities frequently transferred between Level 1 (unadjusted quoted market prices) and Level 2 (adjusted market prices). As at March 31, 2024, these securities were classified as Level 1 (2023 – Level 2).

CANADA LIFE GLOBAL LOW VOLATILITY FUND

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. Fund Specific Information (in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)

(g) Investments by the Manager and Affiliates

The investments held by the Manager, other funds managed by the Manager, and funds managed by affiliates of the Manager, investing in series S of the Fund, as applicable (as described in *Fund Formation and Series Information* in note 10), were as follows:

	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	(\$)	(\$)
The Manager	21	17
Other funds managed by the Manager	3,707	–
Funds managed by affiliates of the Manager	–	–

(h) Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no amounts subject to offsetting.

(i) Interest in Unconsolidated Structured Entities

The Fund's investment details in the Underlying Funds as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

March 31, 2024	% of Underlying Fund's Net Assets	Fair Value of Fund's Investment (\$)
Vanguard FTSE Developed Markets ETF	0.0	73
Vanguard S&P 500 ETF	0.0	108

March 31, 2023	% of Underlying Fund's Net Assets	Fair Value of Fund's Investment (\$)
Vanguard FTSE Developed Markets ETF	0.0	162
Vanguard S&P 500 ETF	0.0	243